

RICSHA COOLIES' RIOT BROKEN UP BY POLICE SHOTS

One Is Killed, Another
Wounded Fatally And
Others Flee

S. V. C. CALLED OUT

Six Units On Duty All
Night To Prevent
Further Outbreak

TRAMS, DAMAGED

Mob Vents Anger At
Police Order Curbing
Ricsha Movements

Prompt action by Chief Inspector A. H. Aiers of the Sinza police station saved the life of his nephew, Inspector R. C. Aiers of the Central Police Station, and nipped a threatening riot in the bud yesterday morning. The Chief Inspector, arriving on the scene to take charge of the police handling the mob of 600 rioting ricksha coolies, killed one of the rioters and wounded another probably fatally. Another was slightly wounded by shooting policemen. The crowd, frightened by the shots, dispersed after doing damage amounting to \$1,200 to tram cars and trailers of the Shanghai Tramways company.

Fearing further developments, the Shanghai Volunteer Corps was mobilized at six o'clock last night to guard various sections of the city and was kept ready to handle an expected sequel to yesterday morning's affair at a moment's notice.

Police officials stated that they feared no further developments but all the necessary precautions were taken because of persistent rumors that mass meetings of coolies were to be held last night and further trouble precipitated this morning. Every available police reserve stood ready for immediate duty and the streets in the neighborhood of Carter Road were heavily guarded. It was necessary yesterday morning to call out the Sinza station reserves and they were effective in terminating the trouble.

Two Foreigners Hurt

But two men were injured by the rioters, were Inspector A. H. Aiers, who, though unarmed, attempted to stem the mob, and Mr. A. G. Schrock of the Standard Oil Company, who aided the police who were first on the scene. Inspector Aiers was bruised about the head and arms, while Mr. Schrock suffers from bruises about the body and a badly cut hand.

Three Chinese will appear before the Mixed Court this morning to answer to charges of rioting and more arrests were expected last night.

Strict enforcement of the Municipal Council regulations which prohibit ricksha coolies from obstructing traffic and confine them to restricted areas is given as the cause of the trouble, and police officials believe that the affair was premeditated. The street cars were the objects of attack and the mob stormed the trams at two important terminal points, Markham Terminus and at the corner of Carter Road and Avenue Road.

First intimation of the trouble came to the police at eight o'clock when a Chinese officer, stationed at Carter and Sinza roads, notified the Sinza station that coolies were causing trouble following the taking away of several licenses from violators of the traffic regulations. Sergeant Rush was sent to the scene and upon arrival telephoned for assistance. The reserves were ordered out and Chief Inspector Aiers, in charge of the district, went to take command of the situation.

Shoots To Save Nephew

As the Chief Inspector reached Carter Road, he saw his nephew, R. C. Aiers, running toward Sinza Road with a crowd of nearly 200 following. The younger Aiers was exhausted and dazed and as a switch bar was about to strike him, his uncle levelled his revolver and fired, killing a Chinese. Again he shot and a second Chinese dropped, receiving a wound in the leg.

Irish Home Rule Measure To Be Moderate Enough To Satisfy Ulster Party

Bill Probably Will Be Accepted By Carson Faction
As Necessary War Legislation, Reuter's Thinks

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 15.—Reuter's Agency understands that the Home Rule Bill will be such a moderate measure that the Ulsterites, notwithstanding their past declarations, are likely to accept it as a piece of war legislation.

The Times states that Mr. Austen Chamberlain is included in the Committee which is drafting the Home Rule Bill, which suggested that he has joined the War Cabinet.

The Times publishes a letter from nine representative Unionists urging a prompt settlement with Ireland and advocating a Federal Bill, compatible with the extension of self-government to other parts of the Kingdom.

The Parliamentary correspondent of the Times, commenting on this, says that the Unionist Party, despite the gloomy predictions of the older members, refuses to believe that an Irish settlement will abolish its raison d'etre.

In the House of Commons today, in Committee on the Man-Power Bill, Sir Auckland Geddes stated that the Government is determined to enforce the principle that no man over the present military age should be taken for service if the

situation could be met by calling up men of the present military age. The age of twenty-five had been selected for a clean out in the Civil Service, because above twenty-five were men who were really indispensable from the point of view of the war effort. This did not mean that civil servants over twenty-five were not being released as rapidly as possible. Certain Government offices were considering the desirability of releasing all men fit for general service up to the age of fifty-three.

Mr. J. I. McPherson, Under Secretary for War, declined in the public interest to state the number of troops in Ireland. He said that up to November 31, Ulster had contributed over 58,000 recruits and the rest of Ireland over 65,000.

Sir George Cave announced that the Government was willing to withdraw conscription for ministers of religion.

The Man-Power Bill passed the Committee stage after speeches by Mr. Asquith, Sir Edward Carson and Mr. Joseph Devlin, who opposed the manner of the application of the Man-Power Bill to Ireland. The Government conceded a number of points regarding the tribunals.

ULTIMATUM IS SENT TO MR. KYLE'S CAPTORS

Bandits Given Five Days To
Negotiate Over Ransom Or
Attack Will Be Made

China Press Correspondence

Kaifeng, Honan, April 15.—Your correspondent is informed by Dr. Tenney, Secretary of the American Legation, that an ultimatum has been sent to the brigands who still hold Engineer Kyle in custody. Three days ago notices were posted in all the districts where the robbers operate stating that five days would be allowed for them to begin negotiations of a true nature regarding the \$20,000 reward offered. If nothing is heard from them a large force of soldiers under General Chang Sung, the head military authority of the Province, will surround and shoot them to the death. In two more days the time expires and some interesting news should be forthcoming. The last letter from Kyle was dated April 1 and he stated he was then well.

RICE EXCHANGE DEALS SUSPENDED IN JAPAN

Government Acts To Prevent
Speculation And Consequent
Rise In Price

Reuter's Pacific Service

Tokio, April 16.—The Government today suspended transactions on the rice-exchanges everywhere. It is not known when this suspension will be removed. It is believed that this has been done to prevent speculation, which is raising the price of rice.

HELSINGFORS CAPTURED AFTER HARD FIGHTING

Germans Enter City Following
Three Days' Battle With
Red Guards

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Uleaborg, April 16.—The Germans took Helsingfors after three days' fighting in the streets and neighboring forests. Thousands of Red Guards were captured.

The Germans are advancing eastward along the railway to Viborg.

London, April 15.—A German official communique says:

Our troops and naval detachments in Finland, after a vigorous encounter with armed bands, entered Helsingfors.

Thousands In Prague
Are Without Bread

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, April 16.—Thousands of families in Prague, in Bohemia, have been without bread for days.

CZERNIN RESIGNATION TO HAVE BIG EFFECT

Expected To Shatter Calmness
In Teutonic Capitals Despite
Emperor's Denials

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 16.—The news of Count Czernin's fall will give a rude shock to the calmness affected by Berlin and Vienna in regard to the revelations of M. Clemenceau. The resignation of the Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs is equivalent to an avowal of the truth of all M. Clemenceau has published, despite the new telegram which the Emperor of Austria has sent to the Kaiser reading, "The accusations levelled against me by Clemenceau are too vulgar for me to continue to discuss this affair with France."

EXPLOSION DESTROYS 40 GERMAN PLANES

Two Zeppelins Wrecked, 140
Killed And 200 Injured At
Friedrichshafen

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 16.—A telegram from Zurich states that the explosion at Friedrichshafen, on Lake Constance, on the 13th, destroyed the sheds, used for the construction of Gotha and Zeppelin. The damage was enormous. Two zeppelins and forty giant aeroplanes were destroyed. 140 persons killed and 200 injured. Incendiaries are suspected. The explosion caused a great panic in the district.

BALFOUR ADDRESSES U. S. LABOR DELEGATES

Reichstag No-Indemnity Resolution
Now Revealed As
Camouflage, He Says

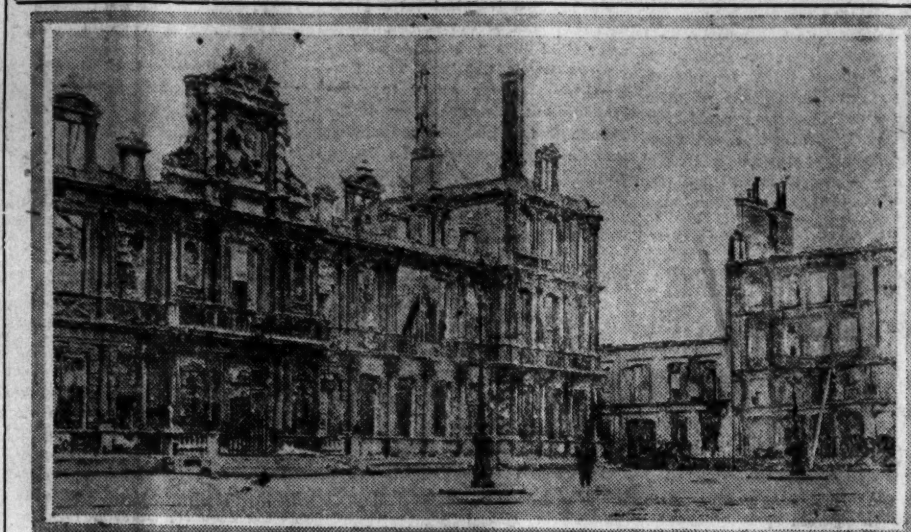
(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 15.—The representative American Labor delegates, touring Great Britain, were the guests at a luncheon today at the House of Commons.

The visitors declare that United States Labor is pledged to support the cause of the Allies until Germany has been beaten to her knees.

Mr. A. J. Balfour said that the Central Powers now admitted that the famous resolution passed by the Reichstag, foregoing war indemnities and conceding the right of self-determination, was merely camouflage. Germany now stood forth undisguised as a great robber State. Her object was to make France and Great Britain second class Powers and to bestir the world as a great colossus, but he was confident that this would prove another of Germany's profound miscalculations.

Ruins Mark Where Architectural Splendor Once Stood



The Hotel de Ville, at Rheims, known throughout the world as one of the most beautiful edifices of its kind, has suffered the same fate as the famous Cathedral in that city.

LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN WILL START HERE TODAY

Plans Made To Reach Every
American In Shanghai
In Nine Days

The Shanghai drive for the Third Liberty Loan opens today and indications, as registered at the Committee held yesterday afternoon at the U. S. Court, are for a peppy nine days' campaign here to line up the funds which are to harden up Uncle Sam's sinews for the contest against the Kaiser's hordes.

A systematic canvassing of the entire American community and a comprehensive program of solicitation among the other nationals of the Settlement is covered by the plans adopted at yesterday's meeting, which was attended by practically all of the large Committee. Plans are also afoot to make the purchase of the war bonds as easy as possible for patrons in Shanghai and the outposts.

Opening the meeting, Mr. Harold Dollar, chairman of the Committee, expressed the desirability of forming sub-committees for intensive activities without delay. Members of the committee were called on for suggestions.

Mr. Arthur Israel emphasized the necessity for each member of the Committee to constitute himself a committee of one for bringing all of his friends into line on the drive, and spoke of the efficacy of personal solicitation in a matter such as this. He also outlined the arguments for the bonds which would especially appeal to possible Chinese subscribers.

Mr. Sprague suggested that the heads of all the American houses in the Settlement be visited and requested to form their staffs into a working force of subscription getting teams which would go to work among their fellow workers and their friends. In this connection, it was suggested, a card index system might well be put into operation and Mr. Jacobs, Mr. Hager and Mr. Drake were appointed a committee of three to draw up a set of such cards which will be supplied to the heads of the different houses and to appoint canvassers to work among prospective buyers who may not be employed in those houses. As soon as a subscription has been pledged it will be recorded on the card turned in and will obviate overlapping in the canvassing work.

A committee of three was also appointed to push the placing of bonds among other nationalities and Mr. Pith, Mr. J. K. Sage and Mr. J. B. Powell were named to take over this branch of the activities and select a number of workers.

The desirability of giving a longer time to patrons for payments on the bonds was brought forward by Mr. Sage, who told of the success of the system of a ten months' period for payments in New York. Following up this idea, a resolution was passed authorizing Mr. Dollar and Mr. Sprague to consult with the International Banking Corporation and other local banking institutions to see what arrangements can be made for time loans.

Mr. D. K. Grady, of THE CHINA PRESS, was called by the chairman to give some suggestions on publicity for the campaign and expressed the willingness of this and other publications to co-operate heartily in the drive. He suggested that advertisers give a portion of their regular advertising space over to Loan propaganda, offering to furnish suitable cuts for this purpose. Many of the local American concerns are giving over large advertising space to the campaign.

A committee on publicity was named, consisting of Mr. Carl Seitz, chairman, and Mr. D. K. Grady, Mr. S. S. McKee and Mr. J. B. Powell.

The local drive will close on April 27.

Missionary Killed By Chinese Pirates

Reuter's Pacific Service

Foochow, April 17.—A junk has been attacked by pirates near Samsha. The Rev. H. E. C. Graham, of the Church Missionary Society, who was on board, was shot and killed.

Complete Power For Foch Welcomed In London And Paris

Single Control Imperative
Necessity To Meet German
Hordes Efficiently

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 16.—General Foch's appointment is received with universal satisfaction. Indeed, it is regarded as an imperative necessity after the recent events to have all armies under a single control and to avoid the system of water-tight compartments.

The French pay a tribute to the generous action of Great Britain in this matter.

Paris, April 16.—The British as well as the French papers unanimously rejoice over the appointment of Foch as Generalissimo. They emphasize the great efficiency of the unity of command thus established. No one was better qualified than General Foch, to incur such a responsibility and henceforth only one army under one chief will face the large German hordes.

Germany Claims Right To Occupy Rumania

Also Reserves For Itself 99-
Year Lease On Oil Wells,
Says Paper

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, April 16.—According to the Tages Zeitung, Germany reserves for itself a lease of the Rumanian oil wells for ninety-nine years and the right to a military occupation of the country for several years.

ENGLISH HORSE-RACING WILL BE CONTINUED

Necessary To Encourage Horse
Breeding, Says Secretary
In Commons

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 15.—In the House of Commons today, Mr. George Lambert asked: "In view of the intense struggle in France is it proposed to permit horse-racing in the United Kingdom?"

Mr. J. I. McPherson, Under Secretary for War, replied that the Government did not consider that there was any reason to stop the present limited program of racing, which was considered necessary in order to maintain the important industry of horse breeding.

WYTSCHAETE AND BAILLEUL FALL TO GERMAN ASSAULT

Centers Of Fierce Fighting
For A Week Are
Evacuated

MISTFACTOR AGAIN

Strong Attack Also Made
Against Position South
Of Arras

PROGRESS IS SLOW

Situation On Most Of
Flanders Front Becomes
More Stable

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 16.—Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this morning:

Yesterday evening the enemy launched a very heavy attack, which was preceded by an intense bombardment, between Bailleul and Neuve Eglise. Three divisions of picked German troops, which had not previously been engaged in the battle, delivered the assault and, after a fierce struggle, carried the high ground southward and eastward of Bailleul known as Mont de Lille and Le Ravetaberg.

We have fallen back to new positions northward of Bailleul, and Wulverghem and Bailleul fell into the hands of the enemy.

Fresh German attacks are developing this morning in the neighborhood of Wytschaete.

We repulsed an attack, made under cover of heavy artillery and trench-mortar fire, southwestward of Vieux Berquin.

We took some prisoners in a successful minor enterprise southeastward of Robecq.

Wytschaete Is Given Up

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports this evening:

There has been severe fighting today from Meteren to Wytschaete. The enemy renewed his attacks in strength at dawn in the neighborhood of Wytschaete and Spanbroekmolen. Supported by a heavy bombardment, he approached our positions under cover of a mist and, after prolonged struggle, gained both localities.

He also obtained a footing in Meteren, where fighting continues.

Attacks on other parts of this front were repulsed.

This morning the enemy delivered a strong local attack against our positions opposite Boyelles, southward of Arras. Fighting continues.

The hostile artillery has been more active southward of Albert and in the neighborhood of the La Bassee Canal.

Our artillery dispersed enemy infantry in the vicinity of Locon.

The mutual artillery increased at Passchendaele.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported last evening:

Fighting occurred this afternoon in the neighborhoods of Bailleul and Wulverghem and continues.

There has been hostile artillery activity between Givenchy and Robecq.

Our artillery effectively engaged bodies of infantry on the La Bassee-Estaires road.

German Official Report

A German official communique reported:

Bitter hand-to-hand fighting frequently developed in the Lys battlefield.

We cleared an English machine-gun nest southward of Neuve Eglise and between Bailleul and Marris, taking the occupants prisoners.

Enemy counter-attacks at Bailleul and northward of Bethune broke down with heavy losses.

A German official communique this evening reported:

We have captured the enemy's lines northeastward of Wulverghem. Germans In Perilous Salient.

Paris, April 16.—A semi-official communique states that during the last two days the Flanders front has become stable. "It is very satisfactory to see the enemy contained along a long line constituting an enormous salient which exposes him to dangerous counter-offensives."

The modification of the line caused by the abandonment of Neuve-Eglise does not exceed 100 meters." The official communique issued this afternoon reports:

There has been fairly considerable artillery in the region north of Montdidier.

We made progress by a minor operation in the sector of Noyon.

Our reconnaissances have been very active, especially in the region of the Olse Canal. A detachment of our troops crossed the Canal west of Pierremont and brought back some prisoners.

The official communique issued last evening reports:

The artillery duel has been very violent in the region of Hangard-en-Santerre.

Our artillery dispersed assemblages of the enemy on the outskirts of Demuin.

There has been lively cannonading in the sector of Avocourt.

Attack Heavily All Day

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters wires:

Since yesterday evening the Germans have been attacking heavily in various parts of the Northern battle-area and have gained some ground.

Their most important advance is the occupation of Bailleul.

Following their re-entry to Neuve-Eglise, they maintained a steadily increasing pressure along the front practically all the way between Neuve Eglise and Meteren. Towards the evening, under cover of a tremendous bombardment, their infantry advanced in the usual dense waves. Our troops fought stubbornly but overwhelming numbers forced them to yield ground. Desperate fighting continued the whole night long, our artillery shelling the enemy continuously. It is certain that his attempt to advance towards the Rudge system will be strenuously contested.

The enemy's gains up to the present have all been on the dead levels of Flanders and, although it would be futile to pretend that his success is not a matter of much concern, yet it has brought the smallest tactical advantage proportionate to its extent.

Bailleul stands astride what was an important artery of communications with places not occupied by the Germans.

We slightly receded after desperate fighting as the result of an attempt made by three divisions of German troops to force our positions at Crucifix Corner.

There has been a considerable movement of hostile infantry along the La Bassee-Estaires Road. Our low-flying aeroplanes incessantly skimmed the marching columns, inflicting heavy casualties on them by bombing and machine-gunning.

South of the Somme the enemy artillery has been slightly more active.

It is reported that enemy infantry is concentrating south of Bois de Hangard.

Enemy Willing To Pay Price

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters wired last evening:

The enemy has not yet been brought to a standstill in Flanders. Their recapture of Neuve Eglise and their desperate struggle to advance towards Bailleul shows that the enemy are able and willing to continue to pay an appalling price in attempts to crush the British Army.

On the other hand, every hour the strength of the defence increases. The enemy's failure to reach his final objective in the Battle of the Somme is being repeated today in Flanders.

The enemy's program was to reach Kemmel on the 10th. He is only three miles from Kemmel Ridge but today he is no nearer than on Friday, since when reinforcements were flung across the path of the Germans.

Interesting details of the German losses are coming in.

The 17th Division and the 17th Reserve Division on the 11th got a terrible grueling and were forced to retire upon their starting point.

A prisoner of the 52nd Reserve Division paid a reluctant tribute to the magnificent fighting of the British machine-gunners, who, on the 23rd, reduced his company to half its strength. This prisoner was 43 years of age and came from Germany with a draft of five hundred, the greater proportion of whom were Landsturm men over 35 years of age and the remainder boys of 18 and 19.

Since the recapture of Neuve Eglise the enemy has not attempted to push on. He is reported to be preparing another thrust against Bailleul.

The weather is grey, the visibility poor, the ground dry and there is an east wind blowing.

Hangard Battle Fierce

Reuter's correspondent at French Headquarters, wiring yesterday, said:

One of the bitterest engagements of the great battle was fought on Friday for Hangard-en-Santerre, a position of importance north of the road from Noyon to Amiens.

The Germans attacked three times, hoping to thrust a wedge between the French and British Armies and obtain the mastery of the road to Amiens.

The village was taken, retaken, taken again by the Germans and rescued a second time by the French just in time to save the remnants of the garrison.

In the great battle of the 4th the village was gallantly held by a

battalion of French troops against a furious onslaught. A hill dominating the village was captured by the Germans and retaken by the French.

On the 9th, the Germans fought their way into the village but, after fighting all night from house to house, they were driven out again.

On Friday, the 12th, the Germans again attacked and surrounded the village. The battalion commander fortified himself in a house and held out from eight o'clock in the morning until six o'clock in the evening. He telegraphed his Headquarters, "I am surrounded but am still holding out. Make haste." His last message read, "The enemy is about to attack." It was then six o'clock. A few minutes later he and his men were taken prisoners, but a counter-attack delivered by the French and British forces was completely successful, hundreds of Germans were captured and the French defenders, except two men, were rescued.

SCORND LANCASHIRES GIVE GERMAN BEATING

Division Described By Enemy As Second-Rate Repulses Attacks For Six Days

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, April 15.—A supplementary despatch from Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

The 55th division of West Lancashire Territorials on April 9, was holding a front of 1,000 yards extending from the La Bassee Canal to southward of Richebourg-la-Vöue, where their line joined the Portuguese.

The enemy's attack on the southern portion of this front was delivered by all three regiments of the 4th Ersatz division, well up to strength. A captured Divisional Order issued by the General Staff of this division and dated the 6th shows that its objectives were the ground and the British position in the triangle Givenchy-Festubert-Gorre.

The following passages from this Divisional Order are of special interest:

"In our attack three regiments will be opposed, at the most, by six companies in front and, at the most, by two reserve battalions in Festubert and Givenchy. One battalion in divisional reserve is southward of the La Bassee Canal in Le Preol and our powerful artillery will prevent it participating in the fight for Festubert and Givenchy. The troops are elements of the English 55th Division, which, after their engagement at the Somme, lost heavily in Flanders and at Cambrai and were described by prisoners in March, 1918, as a division fit to hold a quiet sector that was below the average quality."

The above Order was distributed to all officers and under-officers of the 4th Ersatz division down to platoon commanders, presumably with a view to encouraging the troops prior to the attack and in the belief that the opposition would not be very serious.

If such was his expectation, the enemy was most signally disappointed. The 55th Division throughout the early morning of the 9th beat off all attacks in its forward zone and maintained its line intact. When later the German infantry had broken through the Portuguese on its left, the 55th Division formed a defensive flank facing northeast on the Givenchy-Festubert line to the neighborhood of Le Touret.

It maintained this line practically unchanged until relief arrived through six days of almost continual fighting, during which it beat off repeated attacks with very heavy losses to the enemy and took nearly 1,000 prisoners. At one time on the 9th, the enemy entered Givenchy and Festubert but both villages were shortly afterwards regained by the 55th Division as the result of a highly successful counter-attack in which several hundreds of Germans were captured, and all further attempts to carry these positions broke down before the 55th's resolute defence.

Though the enemy on the 11th succeeded in entering a post northward of Festubert, he was thrown out and on the following night the 55th Division improved its position in this neighborhood. The next afternoon the enemy heavily bombarded the whole front held by the 55th Division, between Gorre and the Lave Canal and attacked in strength. He was again repulsed with heavy loss by the very gallant and very successful defence of a division which he had been pleased to describe as consisting of "second-class troops."

Canadian Parliament To Discuss Offensive

Secret Session To Be Held On Situation On West Front

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Ottawa, April 15.—The House of Commons has decided to hold a secret sitting on Wednesday to discuss the situation on the Western front. The members of the Senate will attend.

The Weather

Fine and warm. The maximum temperature yesterday was 79.8 and the minimum 49, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 59 and 51.4.

FRENCH TROOPS ARRIVE ON FLANDERS FRONT

Take Place In Battle-Line, Reviving Spirit Of Worn British Forces

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Paris, April 16.—The correspondent of Le Matin at the British front says that French troops are taking up their positions in Flanders. Their arrival has revived the aggressiveness of the British troops after eight days and nights of continuous heroic fighting. The Germans are anxious about the consequences of this appearance of the French and it is to be anticipated that the offensive between La Bassee and Ypres will be intensified and the enemy will engage a part or the whole of his reserves.

MAXIMALISTS FIGHTING PEASANTS IN SIBERIA

Battle Is In Progress Near Novo Nicolaevsk And Omsk

(Reuter's Pacific Service) Tokio, April 17.—A collision has commenced near Novo Nicolaevsk and Omsk between the peasants and Maximalists.

Irkutsk and the vicinity is apprehensive of the same danger.

Railway tickets for places east of Talga are not being sold at the Irkutsk station.

Tokio, April 16.—A telegram from Blagovestchensk states that the Soviet is circulating a report that the landing of British and Japanese marines at Vladivostok was due to the efforts of the proletariat class, which has succeeded in securing the assistance of the Japanese Imperialists. This is done purposely to prejudice the soldiers, workmen and peasants to make them enlist in the Red Guards.

Austrian and German prisoners have promised to assist the Soviet in case of war with a foreign nation.

The Japanese along the Amur are intolerably situated owing to the pressure of the Maximalists.

The Maximalists in Siberia, fearing the opposition of the anti-Maximalists since the marines were landed at Vladivostok, have been assembled at Nicolaevsk to consider means of protection, but now this fear is removed they are directing their attention to the destruction of the power of the anti-Maximalists for the purpose of placing Siberia under unified control. On the other hand, Semenov and his supporters are busy preparing to resist the Maximalists by employing Chinese mounted bandits and mercenaries and it is now believed that he forces under his command is 2,000 strong and that it is armed with modern weapons and a collision is thought to be imminent.

U. S. Socialist Offers To Aid Allies



MORRIS HILLQUIT

Morris Hillquit, who ran for Mayor of New York on the Socialist ticket, has offered his services to the United States Government in the campaign to cause a revolution in Germany and Austria by propaganda. Addressing a large Socialist meeting in New York, he declared that the Socialists could be of great value to the President in bringing about his ideals of peace. They could aid in the work of scattering propaganda among the working classes of Germany and Austria.

FIRST CARNEIRO HEARING HELD THIS MORNING

Former Russo-Asiatic Bank Clerk To Appear Before Consul

Romualdo Carneiro, formerly clerk in the share department of the Russo-Asiatic Bank, will appear before Consul-General Jorge R. d'Oliveira this morning at the Portuguese Consulate to answer to charges in connection with the alleged share fraud cases, and is the first of the three extradited Portuguese to appear as a defendant at a hearing preliminary to the trial at Macao. The other two men charged, Leopoldo Lemos and J. L. Carneiro, will be heard as soon as the preliminary hearing starting this morning is finished.

Carlos E. Carneiro and Francisco E. Carneiro, who will be charged with assault with intent to kill Consul d'Oliveira were not heard yesterday, as Vice-Consul A. M. da Silva was occupied with an examination of the scene of the crime and the weapons used. The men will testify next Monday or Tuesday.

NEUVE EGLISE CAPTURED BY TERRIBLE GUNFIRE

Germans Now Being Subjected To Similar Ordeal By British Artillery

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 16.—The brilliant performances of the British against overwhelming hordes of Germans continue to form the theme of correspondents' narratives.

It appears that Neuve Eglise was not taken by assault but by artillery fire. Its evacuation was preceded by some of the most desperate fighting of the War. The Germans at first vainly tried their familiar enveloping tactics. They then tried to rush the place and broke into the ruined streets of the village where they met small parties of the Wiltshires and Worcesters. A terrible hand-to-hand struggle ensued in back-yards, ruined houses and cellars. The enemy several times was cleared out, the British holding a hollow square under a heavy fire of shells, trench-mortar bombs and machine-gun fire. The enemy still continued his savage onslaught but failed to carry the town by assault. Eventually the British retreated out of the hell of shell-fire unknown to the enemy, who are now undergoing the same ordeal as the British.

While there is no attempt to conceal the fact that the situation is still serious, it is pointed out that the progress of the Germans is vastly slower and such offensives rarely regain their original momentum.

Colonel Repington expresses the opinion that our strategic position is not exactly brilliant, but he estimates that a quarter of the entire German forces on the British front have been used up, while General Foch's French reserves have not yet given a sign of life.

The military expert of the Daily News estimates the enemy losses at 400,000.

Join our "Thrill Club"

AND put about one-tenth of your income in a savings account. You will find you can live well on less money than you are spending and the amount of thrift savings with 4 per cent interest added will come in very handy some day when you need it more than you do now.

82 Members to February 25th.
120 Members to March 25th.
152 Members to April 16th.

The American-Oriental Banking Corporation

15 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

Chinese Cruiser Is At Vladivostok

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Vladivostok, April 17.—The Chinese cruiser Hailu arrived this morning.

One Killed In Paris By Long-Range Gun

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Paris, April 16.—An official communique states that one person was killed and two injured by the bombardment of Paris last night.

China Realty Co., Ltd.

27 NANKING ROAD

OFFICES TO LET

TO LET on Nanking Road, Building suitable for offices or store.

HOMES FOR SALE

Newly constructed residences in both settlements, all modern conveniences, flush closets, garage, tennis lawns, etc.

HOUSES FOR RENT

In both settlements, detached houses, all modern improvements.

China Realty Co., Ltd.

27 NANKING ROAD

A Perfect Beer!



WIELAND'S

From California

Gande, Price & Co.

SOLE AGENTS

The Star Garage Co.

125 Bubbling Well Road

Chandler Cars

If you want a fine, roomy, closed car,

please ring up West 197

and you will have a new

SEVEN-SEATER CAR

AT THE PRICE OF

\$5.00 per hour

German Press Bitterly Condemns Position Assumed By Ally's Proletariat

Fought To Defend Country

"When three years and a half ago the ultimatum to Serbia provoked this world war, it was said that as far as our country was concerned the war was exclusively defensive. Our war aims did not include any plan of

The strikers' demands, according to the Arbeiter Zeitung, were as follows: First of all, assurances were to be given by the Government that the peace negotiations of Brest-Litovsk would not be broken off on account of territorial claims and that all obstacles against the conclusion of peace had to be eliminated by recognising, without any reservations, the right of

Although economic conditions could

FOUGHT ON ALL FRONTS

Henry Smith is the boy's name, and Mr. Williams met him during his stay in Rumania. The boy served with the Kaiser's army until

"On September 30, 1917, the Ger-



**Callie 8 H.P. Unit Power Plant
Reversing Gear on Same Bed as Engine**



PRINCESS POCAHONTAS daughter of the Mighty Indian Chief Powhatan Emperor of Virginia" was a devoted friend of the earliest English Colonists whom she nobly rescued and protected. * * * Until the time of her death in the good ship called "The George" at Gravesend in 1617 she played a noble part in helping forward the Settlement of Virginia by her care for those who thus early were engaged in Planting Tobacco in her Country. 300 years ago the fertility of the soil and the temperature of the climate proved ideal for the cultivation of Tobacco - centuries of continuous endeavour have made that old and famous Brand of the "Three Castles" as ideal as the land itself.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.

Pathe's American Gazette **Annals of the War** **Pathe's British Gazette** **Home Made Pies**
Happenings in U. S. A. Stirring Scenes on the French Front. Here is news from Old England. Featuring Pokes and lobs.

THURSDAY
THURSDAY
APRIL 18TH
APRIL 18TH
19th, 20th & 21st
19th, 20th & 21st



News and Views in the World of Books



Edward Evans and Sons, Limited

28, NANKING ROAD.

Shaw Business Books

Scientific Office Management and Appendices	\$20.00	The Automatic Letter Writer.....	2.70
The Library of Sales and Advertising	15.60	How to Finance a Business.....	1.00
The Library Office Management	15.60	How to Cut Your Coal Bill.....	1.00
The Taylor System of Scientific Management	12.00	How to Sell More Fire Insurance	1.00
The Knack of Selling	2.70	How to Collect Money by Mail.....	1.00
Personality in Business	2.70	How to Increase Your Sales.....	1.00
Credits, Collections and Finance	2.70	How to Write Advertisements that Sell	1.00
Business Correspondence	2.50	How to Manage An Office.....	1.00
Good Will Trade Marks and Unfair Dealing	5.00	How to Sell More Life Insurance	1.00
Purchasing and Employment.....	2.70	How to get More out of Your Factory	1.00
Office Methods and Accounting	2.70	How to be Personally Efficient in Business	1.00
Employer and Employee	2.70	How to talk Business to Win.....	1.00
The Cost of Production	2.50	How to Manage Men	1.00
Keeping up with Rising Costs.....	2.00	How to Systematise Your Factory	1.00

Accounts: their Constructions and Interpretations, by William Morse Cole

STANDARD BUSINESS BOOKS

Published by A. W. Shaw Company, Chicago, Illinois, U. S. A.	
Credits and Collections, Mex. \$1.88	Business Correspondence Library, 5 vols. \$7.50
Business Correspondence .. 1.88	Keeping Up with Rising Costs .. 3.00
The Cost of Production .. 1.88	Knack of Selling .. 3.38
Organising a Factory .. 1.88	Industrial Organisation .. 3.00
Employer and Employee .. 1.88	Library of Sales and Advertising .. 11.70
How to Teach Business Correspondence .. 0.90	Library of Office Management .. 11.70
How to Write Business Letters .. 1.05	Thompson, Report on Scientific Management .. 9.00
Good Will, Trade-Marks and Unfair Trading .. 3.75	Leffingwell, Report on Scientific Office Management .. 15.00

ON SALE AT
The Commercial Press, Ltd.
C-453 Honan Road, Shanghai.

WAR BOOKS

Gibson: Journal from our Legation in Belgium	4.50
Barbusse: Under Fire	2.50
Empey: Over the Top	2.50
Empey: First Call	2.50
Hay: All in it	2.50
Rand McNally's War Maps 50c. to 1.00	
Conan Doyle: His Last Bow	2.40
Connor: The Major	2.45
Churchill: Dwelling Place of Light	3.00

CHOW TZU KONG BOOK SHOP
周聚康書店
2841 Szechuen Road
Opposite C. Bianchi's

A GATEWAY INTO ENGLISH For Chinese Students

by
Elizabeth Thompson Gowdy, B. A.
Assisted by
Laura Gere Thompson, B. A.

"It is the result of 14 years of actual experience on the part of foreigners and their Chinese assistants. From the beginning the plan of the work is to teach Chinese pupils TO THINK IN ENGLISH directly and to learn to speak, read and write English with practically no translation into Chinese; hence, according to the direct method, the student is trained first to hear and reproduce English correctly, then to use the eye in reading, and last, the hand in writing. CONVERSATION is the outstanding method of the book."

"The book is eminently practical in that the subjects dealt with are familiar to the everyday life of the student; and in the preparation of the lessons it has been recognized that the average pupil of 13 or 14 is not able to concentrate attention for more than a few minutes at a time, hence the program arranged is constantly varied. Conversations, dialogues, games, contests, are all used; there is plenty of opportunity for the acting out of verbs."

"The book is one of the best prepared for the purpose of teaching English. We can heartily recommend it to the consideration of those engaged in the same task as the authors. It embodies the practical application of the more modern methods of teaching languages."

From the "Educational Review"
April, 1918.

Book I Mex. \$1.30
" II in preparation

Copies may be taken on approval by bona fide teachers

THE COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD.

AGENTS FOR

Silver, Burdett & Co., Publishers,
C 453 Honan Road, Shanghai

Now Ready
RETURNS OF TRADE AND TRADE REPORTS
1917

Part I. — Report on the Foreign Trade of China, and Abstract of Statistics.

Price Mex. \$2.00

On Sale at

The Commercial Press, Ltd.
C453 Honan Road, Shanghai.
And any one of its branches.

Notable Books In Brief Review

Under Four Flags for France. By George Clark Musgrave. With maps and illustrations. New York: D. Appleton and Co. \$2. (gold).

Captain Musgrave is an American Army man who has seen fighting all over the world and with our own troops in Cuba during the war with Spain. He has been on the western battle front ever since the outbreak of the present war, and is now with our troops in France. So his book is the narrative of a military expert telling how the war for France has been and is being carried on under the flags of Belgium, Britain, France, and America. To a certain extent it deals with the strategy of the opposing forces, but presents and describes it in an untechnical way, with much illuminating description of scenes and incidents and personal experience. It is a book for the general reader, who will find that it clarifies wonderfully the operations from the beginning on the western front.

The author gives a sort of birdseye view not only of the whole series of operations, but also of each important movement, showing how they have hinged one upon another, what were the objectives to be gained, and when any one of them failed what were the reasons for its failure. His aim has been "to present a comprehensive story of the efforts of the composite armies to limit the German invasion and push it back to the frontier," in order to make it possible for American readers to follow with a clearer understanding the operations of our own army in the field and to place them against a freshened background, coherent and unified, of the events which have led up to the present situation. In a brief introduction he gives this compact survey, which offers a good example of his ability in the direct, forceful, and graphic description of military affairs.

"The superstrategy of Germany was based on a plan to extend her frontier straight across France to the mouth of the Seine. Hinged on Metz, her armies were to carry her frontier posts outward across Luxembourg and Belgium and, in an impressive sweep, swing the line south to embrace all of northern France. The Army was to be overwhelmed in the process and the capture of Paris would have been the logical result. Unprepared for this violation of neutral territory, Joffre met superstrategy with simple strategy and superstrategy which modified the invasion and wrecked all chances of a German victory and the bid for world dominance."

Captain Musgrave's method is to set forth the strategy and the tactics employed by each of the belligerents in each phase of the conflict and then, with this as a skeleton for his narrative, to fill it with incidents, facts, bits of anecdote and of reference, that enable the reader to visualise each movement while at the same time he gets a clearer idea of what it was intended to effect and how it was carried on. Occasional explanation of some happening or rumor clears up some matters that in the rush of events have remained obscure. Thus, concerning the persistent German claim that French troops were massing on the Belgian border before those of Germany crossed into Belgium and that French officers were already across the line, Captain Musgrave first shows that the French had no forces in that region nor any near enough to give help to Belgium until some days had elapsed, and then gives this account of the basis of the German claim:

"When war was imminent, two unarmed engineer officers did not cross France two miles over the frontier to discuss the need of destroying the new bridge near the famous church at Hastière, a gateway to France. Less serious than the presence of the spies who reported it, this incident is the basis of the charge proclaimed by world-known professors as a breach of neutrality and a justification of all that Germany has done to Belgium."

As he describes the movements and methods of the several armies, Captain Musgrave several times shows how the machine-like methods of the Germans, while resulting in speed and efficiency as long as the prepared plan to which the machine is geared holds good, when anything happens to disarrange that plan, cause disorder and a check from within. The more mobile forces of both the French and British armies, he says, have so much more initiative and resource that their troops at once adapt themselves to any emergency and seize upon any opportunity that offers.

The final chapter is devoted to what the United States is doing to take up her share of the burden of war. He considers the transportation of our troops across the ocean a remarkable achievement, says that the British, who have faced great problems of that sort, give it their unstinted praise, and compares it with the confusion and mismanagement which marked the sending of our troops to Cuba. "Perhaps nothing," he says, "has so thoroughly tested the efficiency of the War and Navy Departments or given a happier augury of the future."

BALKAN HOME LIFE

Balkan Home Life. By Lucy M. J. Garnett. With illustrations. Dodd, Mead and Co. \$3 (gold). One scarcely associates home life with that storm-center, the Balkans, any more than with the establishment of Bluebeard himself, but Miss Garnett, ignoring the cyclonic conditions of the present, portrays the normal (we had supposed there was never a normal) social status of the Albanians,

the Balkan Greeks, the Wallachs, the Bulgarians, and the Osmanlis. She describes in most interesting fashion the domestic and social usages; the family ceremonies; the beliefs and superstitions of these diversified and yet, in many respects, similar peoples, each of which has its own peculiar virtues, united to much that is in our eyes childish and absurd, not to say savage.

Miss Garnett writes with the sympathy born of understanding; and shows that our occidental cocksureness is not seldom at fault, as when we lavish our pity upon the inhabitants of the haremlik whose lot, in some respects, contrasts favorably with that of our own women. The three supreme events of birth, marriage and death are observed by all the Balkan people with such strenuous ceremonial that the reader wonders why the third does not always follow hard upon the first stage of life. It is interesting to note the persistence of superstitions, never in the least dislodged by centuries of hostile facts; and the equally persistent basic instincts and affections that no adverse customs can destroy.

The book is informing upon every page, and has its message of a common humanity for those who care to read between the lines.

THE PASSPORT INVISIBLE

The Passport Invisible. By Perley Poore Sheehan. George H. Doran Company. \$1 (gold) net.

Heroines of fiction are usually both young and beautiful, but the heroine of this new novel, Mrs. Sylvia Nichols, though beautiful and possessed of a youthful spirit, is about 80 years old. The wife of an American soldier who fell at Chickamauga, the mother of another, and her only son, who met his death fighting in Cuba, she herself is a patriot, and of a strong and splendid spirit. And so when the hunted young American encountered her as she was leaving Germany for Switzerland, and put into her hands the packet of papers for which every Hun spy was looking, she accepted the responsibility without flinching. Some how, some way, those papers must be taken to Washington and put into the hands of the President himself. This was the feat she accomplished, this little, frail, and sweet old lady in shabby black. "Out of Germany, and across Switzerland, across France, through Spain, and over the ocean, and so on to Washington" she carried them, strong in her faith and in that spiritual quality which won all men and was her "Passport Invisible."

There was a girl, too—a girl partly American by birth, who had become Number 339 in the German Secret Service. Mrs. Sylvia Nichols won her heart, and made something fine even out of one who had fallen so low as to become a German spy—which was surely nothing less than a miracle. "The Passport Invisible" is a rather interesting little story, and though there are moments when it comes perilously near the gulf of bathos, it never quite slips off the edge and into that abomination.

THE ORKNEY MAID

The Orkney Maid. By Amelia E. Barr. Appleton's \$1.50. (gold).

Mrs. Barr has been writing novels for two generations, stories full of an untiring interest in the vagaries of the young heart, and the crochets of the older one, who seeks to keep the first from its desire. Her characters are singularly real folk, chosen usually from the simpler, sturdier elements of the races who make up the British Isles. Perhaps she is the most of all at home with the Scot, for Mrs. Barr has no small share of the love of the mystical that inheres in the Scottish people—she understands and can portray that something "fey" in man or woman which links them with the supernatural, which leads them to ascribe to the unworldly, rather to an otherworldly, guidance the trend and outcome of their lives.

But quite aside from this she tells a good story, and tells it well. It is filled with dialogue, and most readers appreciate the liveliness of such a method almost as much as Alice in Wonderland, who refused to be interested in a book that didn't have "talk" in it. Mrs. Barr's characters are always talking, and there is considerable color to this talk. She has not forgotten the peculiar little provincialisms, the old-fashioned flavor of the dialogue she knew so well in her youth, so that she can differentiate to a nicety between maid and mistress, and yet give to each a distinct quality unlike anything we know on this side of the water.

Her latest book, "The Orkney Maid," is set among the people she knows best, and is placed in a period that is peculiarly interesting at this moment from the fact that the Red Cross was born then. The time is that in which the British

were fighting against Sebastopol, side with the French. One of the heroines, for there are two, has a lover in the Crimea, who is wounded, and whom she goes to nurse. This gives the author the opportunity to paint the horrors of the Crimean hospitals, the neglect of all who fell on the field of battle, and the frantic realization among those left behind that the men they loved were sacrificed by thousands simply because no attempt to save them existed.

Now, when the Red Cross is doing so marvelous a work, when it numbers its members by the million and expends billions in relief work, under the able leadership of men and women who have fitted themselves for their labor by the most thorough training, now it is indeed thrilling to read of those beginnings, when Florence Nightingale and her little band of women affronted the staid middle class of England by going forth to nurse the wounded on the field of honor, even though they were "young and unprotected women."

But Mrs. Barr does not forget story in touching on those historical incidents. There are two strongly contrasted love affairs running a somewhat tangled course through the volume, for the loves and the fortunes that come to the two heroines are as opposed in character as the two girls themselves, Thora being gentle and yielding as the south wind, yet fine and true, while Sunna Vedder faces life with pride and self-will, relying on her beauty to win her all she wishes for in the world.

The Orkney folk are of Norse inheritance, more directly and clearly than the other peoples of the northern portion of the British Isles, and have the sea in their blood. The sound of it, the sight of it, is forever with them. Mrs. Barr is always felicitous in her descriptions of nature, and of the effect of nature on personality. She delights in the wild scenery of these wild little islands, in the gray old town, Kirkwall, "standing boldly upon the very beach of the stormy North Sea," and she makes us see and submit to their charm. Perhaps many will take as much pleasure in the preface as in the rest of the book, because in that is found Mrs. Barr herself in full measure, a treat to all who have known her in her biography, that enchanting tale of a life packed full of the incidents and changes, the deep experiences and thoughts and emotions of an unusual existence. In this little foreword she tells us how she came to turn to the scene of her book, a place known to her when a slip of a girl of eighteen. At the

end of the book she once again steps in, weaving the least scene of the tale, or its sequel after the passing of many years, at least, with a personal experience.

The fresh and tender story will prove to every reader who has known Mrs. Barr in any of her many books that she has not lost a whit of her keen interest in living, and that the truth and the simplicity of human

nature appeal to her more strongly with the passage of time. Her characters have plenty of faults, but they struggle along, as we all do, and though she quotes the proverb that "What is Rocked in the Cradle is Buried by the Spade," yet, as the years pass, they win to a fine level and achieve a wider understanding of those things that make for nobility.

Books for Educationists and Teachers

	Net Mex.
Arnold: Plans for Busy Work	\$0.90
Reading: How to Teach It	1.95
Waymarks for Teachers	3.32
Badley: Education After The War	3.36
Bates: Kindergarten Guide	3.34
Breul: The Teaching of Modern Foreign Languages and the Training of Teachers	1.35
Brown: The Training of Teachers for Secondary Schools	2.35
Bryan: The Basis of Practical Teaching	3.32
Carlton: Education and Industrial Evolution	2.35
Chamberlain: Standards in Education including Industrial Training	1.35
Chancellor: City Schools, Their Direction and Management	3.35
Diamore: Teaching A District School	1.35
Dutton: School Management	2.35
Dutton and Snedden: Administration of Public Education in U. S.	3.30
Findlay: Principles of Class Teaching	2.35
Gezell: The Normal Child and Primary Education	2.35
Gilbert: The School and Its Life	2.32
Gillette: Vocational Education	1.85
Ham: Mind and Hand	1.85
Hanus: A Modern School	2.35
Hanus: School Efficiency—A Constructive Study	2.35
Hanus: Educational Aims and Educational Values	1.85
Horne: Idealism in Education	2.32
Hoyt: Studies in the History of Modern Education	2.30
Jones: Principles of Education	2.35
Kerschensteiner: Education for Citizenship	1.35
Klemm: Public Education in Germany and in the United States	2.30
Lyles: Three Things Every Boy Must Have	1.40
La Rue: The Art and the Science of Education	1.85
Lytelton: School Boys and School Work	1.85
Malleon: Early Training of Children	1.50
Maxwell: A Quarter Century of Public School Development	1.35
Morgan: Studies in Pedagogy	3.30
Palmer: Play Life in the First Eight Years	2.35
Peabody: Lectures to Kindergarten Teachers	1.35
Putnam: A Manual of Pedagogics	3.30
Perry: Outlines of School Administration	2.65
Pritchard and Ashford: A English Primary School .....	.80
Russell: German Higher Schools	4.95
Schulze: The Teaching of Mathematics	2.35
Sealey: History of Education	2.35
Smith: Boys and Their Management in School	1.35
Thwing: Universities of the World	4.30
Vandewalker: The Kindergarten in American Education	2.32
Welch: Literature in the School	3.32
Weathers: School Cottage and Allotment, Gardening	1.35
White: School Management	1.85
Wood: Children's Play and Its Place in Education	1.35

ON SALE AT

THE COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD.

BOOKSELLERS AND PUBLISHERS AGENTS

C. 453 Honan Road, Shanghai

ONLY

10 Keys!

Touch Writing—

Lightning

Speed!

Ten keys mean fewer hand motions, fewer hesitations, fewer mistakes, fewer minutes to learn, fewer minutes in making calculations.

Write \$9.25 on a DALTON. Strike the only 9, the only 2, the only 5 on the keyboard. Automatically the mechanism places each figure in the proper column. Touch writing becomes easy because one hand covers the keyboard. You don't have to watch the keys when you write on the

DALTON ADDING, LISTING AND CALCULATING MACHINE
Fastest Machine for Beginner or Expert.

The DALTON adds, subtracts, multiplies, divides, tabulates, cross foots, figures interest and discounts. In all its calculations, it prints an audit slip which will show an operator's error at a glance.

An experienced operator and a DALTON will increase the efficiency of your office tenfold. It is the preferred mathematician of the American Radiator Co., Pennsylvania Railroad, Western Electric Co., and hundreds of other corporations who want utmost office efficiency. More than 2,000 DALTONS are in use by the U. S. Government. It is fitted to every line of business.

LET US BRING A DALTON TO YOUR OFFICE.

MUSTARD & CO.

Sole Agents

22 Museum Road Shanghai.



Gallops Of The Ponies In Spring Training

Racing Notes

Owners were pleased to find such a perfect galloping morning, with the entire grass course opened. It is laughable to call it the grass course, in its present deplorable condition. As we have a sand track and a cinder track, I shall call it the mud track, for I will wager, with a little trouble, you could count the blades of grass on it.

There were some very speedy gallops done, as will be noted in the times below. Of the Derby candidates, I liked Colinton best. Gibraltar was distinctly good, going 1 1/4 miles with C. R. Burkhill up in 2:24.3, with a last quarter in 31, and last half in 1:13. Goldensand put up a good gallop but the whole time was slow. His last mile was very fast, however, only taking 2:14.3, with a last dash in 31 seconds. Gladiator's last two gallops are disappointing. Oriole looks well, and is going well. He will be a hard nut to crack again, in the Champions. The Fields are going slow but the old ponies are looking well. Royalsand and Merry-sand should pick up a race. Grey-sand has not been extended. I wonder what he can do. Jomborg is a sure winner.

The Tout.

Wednesday, April 17, 1918

Pony	Rider	1/4	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 3/4	2	Last
Goodwood	boy	37.3	1.16	1.52	2.28	2.59.3				(s) 31.3
Postboy	boy	34	1.08.2	1.42	2.14					32
Royalsand	boy	44.3	1.24	2.01.3	2.41	3.18.3	3.52.2	4.23.3		31.4
Seven Neck	boy	42.2	1.23.2	2.04.3	2.43.2	3.19.2	3.51.1			34.1
The Dean	boy	42	1.21.4	1.58.2	2.32.3					32.1
Amber	boy	34.2	1.10.1	1.47.2	2.19.3					30.3
Merry-sand	boy	36.2	1.12	1.46	2.20	2.50.3				32.4
Bellboy	boy	34.4	1.08.2	1.41.1	2.14					32.1
Barboy	boy									(s) 33.1
Panama	boy									(s) 33.1
Spaghetti	ES	41.2	1.21.1	1.56	2.29.2	3.02.3				32.1
Battle Dawn	boy	39.2	1.21.3	1.55.1	2.28.2	3.00.4				30
Triumph	boy	37	1.11.3	1.44.2	2.14.2					30.3
Greysand	FV	36	1.14.1	1.50.2	2.24.3	2.55.1				(Shoes off)
Mush	boy	40.3	1.18.4	1.54.2	2.26.1					31.4
Rocksand	boy	39.2	1.14.4	1.47	2.19.2					31.2
Azama	boy	37.1	1.16.2	1.54	2.31	3.02.2				31.3
Faked Bird	boy	39	1.19.2	2.03.2	2.44	3.20	3.51.2			(Shoes off)
Morningside	boy	40.2	1.19	1.54	2.28.2	3.00				32
Blacksand	boy	40.2	1.19.3	1.56.3	2.31.2	3.00.2				30.3
Loofield	boy	37.2	1.16	1.51.4	2.27.1	2.59.1				30.3
The Oriole	WH	37.4	1.17.4	1.54	2.26.2	2.57				31
The Capet	HEA					2.57.2				31.3
Spotted-sand	FV	42	1.22	1.59	2.34.2	3.09.2	3.41			31.4
Sir Lamerook	ET	42.1	1.19	1.52.4	2.25					30.1
Border Minstrel	PH	39	1.19	1.56	2.30	3.01.4	(last 1 1/4)			31.3
Darra	boy	40	1.23	2.00	2.34	3.04				31.3
Wild Night	boy	38	1.15	1.51.1	2.24.4	2.55				31.3
Cranfield	boy	39.2	1.15	1.50	2.23.2	2.55				31
Castlefield	boy	37.2	1.18	1.56	2.30	3.01				Shoes off
Pennyfield	HEM	42.2	1.22.2	1.58.4	2.32					32
Bixhoote	boy	35	1.09	1.41						32.4
Othello	boy	38.2	1.53.3	1.51.1	2.24.3	2.57.2				30.3
Iron Duke	IE	33.1	1.06.4	1.39		(last 1/4 of 1)				32
Shirley	boy	40.2	1.21	2.00.1	2.36	3.09.2	3.40			32
Candlecut	EM	35	1.11.1	1.46.2	2.20	2.52				33.3
Fairyflight	EM	39	1.04.3	1.38	2.11.3					33.3
Rushlight	boy	34	1.05.4	1.38.3	2.12.1					31
The Swift	WH	36.3	1.16.2	1.54.3	2.28.4	2.59.4				31
The Swallow	boy									31
Goldensand	FV	47	1.27	2.03.2	2.38	3.10.3	3.41.3			4.48
Westende	DS	33	1.05.4	1.40	2.16	2.53.3	3.30.3	4.07.2	4.48	32.2
La Marne	boy	39	1.18	1.55.4	2.30.2	3.01.4				31.3
Castlewood	boy									31.3
Milkway	AJPH				1.40.2	2.22				(s) 31.3
Buxted	boy	39			1.48	2.19.3				(last 1/4 of 1 1/4)
Shadow Bird	boy	31.5	1.04.2	1.36.1						31.4
Nights of Gladness	CRB	37.3	1.12	1.45	2.16.4	2.50.2				32
Glassaugh	boy	36.3	1.17.1	1.58.1	2.34.3	3.06.1				32
The Bullfinch	WH	38.2	1.15.4	1.50.4	2.22.1	2.54.1				35.6
Black Diamond	JJ	42	1.21	1.53.3	2.33.3	3.18.3				4.32.2
Carriekfergus	AJPH	39.3	1.15.3	1.49	2.21.1					5.06
Rob Roy	GG	38.2	1.15	1.50.2	2.24.3	2.56.2				32.1
Sandalwood	JIE	39.4	1.19	1.54.3	2.29	2.59.3				30.3
Gladiator	CRB	38.3	1.17.4	1.54.2	2.27.2	2.57.3				30.1
Rouble	boy	35	1.08	1.38.3	(last 1/4)					30.3
Underwood	boy	37			1.47.4	2.21.2	2.52.4			31.2
Gingkonut	boy	36.1	1.12	1.47	2.17.2	(last mile of 1 1/4 whole time 2.54)				30.2
Golden Oriole	WH	40	1.25	2.07.2	2.43.3	3.14.4	(last 1 1/4)			(s) 31.1
Minefield	HEM	37.2	1.12	1.42.1	2.13.2	(last mile shoes off)				30.1
Beaconsfield	AC	34.1	1.08.1	1.40.4	2.14.2	2.48.4				32.2
Medina	ER	35.2	1.08.4	1.41	2.14					33
Jomborg	boy				1.40.4	2.11.4				31
Silversand	GG									33
Gibraltar	CRB	35.3	1.10.4	1.47.2	2.21.2	2.53.3	3.24.3			31
Leonfield	HEM	41.1	1.22.3	2.06.3	2.47	3.22	3.53.2	(shoes off)		31.2
Daintysand	WGC				1.41	2.18.2	2.51			31.3
Dragon	boy									31.3
Silver Strake	boy	40.2	1.19.2	1.55	2.27.3					(s) 32.2
Yellowstone	EM	37.1	1.13.4	1.48.2	2.22.4	2.53.3				(shoes off)
Golden Horn	GM	41.1	1.21.4	1.58	2.32.4	3.05.1				30.4
Black Amber	boy				1.44.4	2.16				32.2
Codinton	CRB	36.2	1.13	1.48.4	2.50.4	2.20.4				31.1
Parabhas	boy				1.50.1	2.20	(shoes off)			30
Baby Tansan	boy									29.4
Baby Poffy	BB	42	1.19	1.56.2	2.30					33.3
Kennebec	EM	35	1.12.3	1.48.3	2.22.3	2.54.2				31.4
Poppy	boy									31.2
Roysterer	WGC	41.3	1.22	2.01.1	2.38	3.09.3				31.3

S=sand; all the others on the grass course.

BASEBALL BUG BEGINS GETTING IN ITS WORK

Paraphernalia For Practice On Hand; New League Formed; Sailors Coming; Play Ball!

"April 17, '18."

"The Sporting Editor, CHINA PRESS."

"Dear Sir,—Last year we were playing baseball on the 2nd of April. This season has been a bit backward, but now that the 'dark clouds' have turned inside out, let's go! They've been playing baseball in Newchwang, Manchuria, since the middle of March. They were playing in Hankow February 25th.

"The stands will go up after the Races, but we will all have to kick it around a little before any matched games are played.

"Where's the gear, and the guys, and the gumption!

"Let's go!

"Yours faithfully,

"CHARLEY HORSE."

In response to the above it is a pleasure to report signs of life.

The secretary of the Ball Club, Mr. Jimmie Davies, announces that from today there will be an adequate supply of bats, balls, mits, etc. cashed at the American Woman's Exchange—just across from the ball lot—for the use of any athletes who wish to get out and do a little warming up. Thus this afternoon, if it is as balmy as was yesterday, should see a flock of pastimers out cavorting about the green.

The schedule committee of the local Club has not yet got into action but it is hoped to stage a few pre-season games in the immediate future. The sailors from the Monocacy have intimated that they will be out on the Race Course grounds on Saturday and though nothing definite in the way of a contest is threatened it is possible

that a small practice embroglio may be pulled off. 'Eres 'oping tennysrate.

Activities outside the regular Club matches this season are given a rosy prospect by the formation this week of a Hong League. At an enthusiastic meeting held the other night it was decided that a thirty-six-game schedule shall decide the championship for the mercantile ball-tossing aggregations of the city.

Gaston, Williams and Wigmore, The Standard Oil Co., the American Trading Company and Andersen, Meyer and Co., are the firms to launch into the project and it is hinted around that each, by an intensive combing out program, has lined up a likely string of players. Each team will meet each of the other three entries in the league race in three contests.

The Race Course diamond has not yet been put into shape for genuine match play but it is anticipated that now that the germ has got to biting hard it will be only a matter of days before the low, sweet notes of the umpire will be floating across the Recreation Grounds.

Shanghai Harriers' Club

The Shanghai Harriers' Club will hold a meeting today at 6:30 p.m. in Mr. F. W. White's offices at 38 Kiangle Road, when officers will be elected and a program of activities for local cross country runners will be discussed.

All interested are cordially invited to attend and it is hoped that there will be a good representation of all of the Settlement's nationals present. Mr. White has promised a Club shield as an incentive to competition and the runners expect to stage several runs in the near future.

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.

15 Nanking Rd. Phone 60 or 65.

INSURANCE

Fire Insurance
Burglary Insurance
Motor Car Insurance

Lowest rates Phone 65

INVESTMENTS

GOLD INVESTMENTS Phone 60
We have for sale in amounts of G. \$10 or more Preference Shares paying 7%.

SILVER INVESTMENTS Phone 60
We have for sale in amounts of Tls. 100.00 or more Debentures paying interest at 7%.

Anglo-Java
Ayer Tawa
Chemor
Consolidated
China Realty
Culty Dairy
Dominion
Kota Bahru
H. and S. Bank
Shanghai Lands
Telephone
French Debentures

In large or small amounts.

OFFICES TO LET Phone 60

15 Nanking Road, one room.

HOUSE TO LET

No. 16 Rue Cornelle, 3 bed rooms, two modern bathrooms, fully furnished, tiled kitchen and pantry with all modern conveniences, garden, tennis, etc., from May 1st, at Tls. 125 per month.

FRENCH TRAMWAYS WIN FIRST STAGE IN BIG SUIT

Million Francs Indemnity Action Is Transferred To Supreme Court In Paris

What is practically a victory for the French Tramway Company in their suit against the French Municipality is seen in the decision handed down by the French Court in the litigation following the Council's refusal to sanction advanced rates for electric light and water in the Concession. More than a million francs indemnity are asked by the company.

The judgment of the Court as handed down by M. Toussaint, Judge, is that the local court is not competent to rule in administrative matters and that the suit in question comes under that classification. This was the contention put forward by M. J. Herve Boin, lawyer for the Tramways. The position is that the court cannot judge this case here in Shanghai because it is only a court which has civil jurisdiction and a French civil court cannot judge in administrative affairs. Therefore the case has been sent to the Council d'Etat, which is the Supreme Court of French administrative affairs, in Paris for final decision.

Similar cases have always been judged by the Council d'Etat in favor of other companies, such as the Tramways company, and there is every reason to believe, according to expert opinion here, that the present case will be decided in a like manner.

The million and more of francs asked as indemnity from the Municipality by the company are for losses alleged as occurring because of the French Municipal Council's refusal to grant a permit for increasing electric light and water rates in the concession. The loss is due to the soaring price of coal. The indemnity is based on the computation of a three cent raise per kilowatt hour on the water and light accommodation, a raise, it was argued, which had been granted in the case of the gas company here and in the case of public utilities in other countries since the rise in fuel began. The indemnity would cover losses to be suffered during 1918.

The case has been followed with considerable interest by legal men in Shanghai. M. A. du Pae de Marseilles represented the French Municipal Council in the case.

Chaplin At Isis

Three excellent Chaplin films—the same which had such a popular run at the Olympic Theater recently—are billed to be shown from tonight at the Shanghai Isis Theater. There will be matinees on Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m. The successful serial film "The Voice on the Wire" will be continued at this house next Monday.

NEW ZEALAND ADOPTS CONTROL OF INDUSTRY

National Service Provision Gives Complete Power Over Business To Government

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Wellington, New Zealand, April 15.—The New Zealand Parliament

has passed a National Service Provision authorising the Government

to regulate and control all essential industries.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, April 16.—In a speech today, Secretary of State Lansing said:

"We must now fight on until the aims proclaimed by President Wilson have been achieved. Win we must! Win we will!"

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru. Apr. 19
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru Apr. 23

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikuzen M. Apr. 24
For U.S. Canada and Europe:—
Per P.M. s.s. VenezuelaApr. 27
For Manila:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru...Apr. 21
MAILS DUE
From U.S. Canada and Europe.
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru...Apr. 20
Per O.S.K. s.s. Chicago M. Apr. 23

Love, Home and Table Topics
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

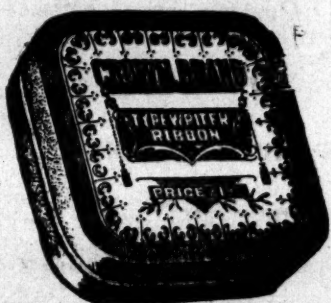
A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

TYPEWRITER

RIBBONS

at \$11.00 per dozen

or by investing in our Coupon



CARBON PAPERS

from \$1.00 per
box of 100 sheets
and upwards

TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES

HILSBRUNNER & CO.

"THE SWISS HOUSE"

1 Nanking Road

Telephone 218

French Actress Arrested on Treason Charge

The arrest of the actress Simey Bordier, who played a minor role at Sarah Bernhardt's Theater, Paris, on charges of maintaining relations with the enemy, has caused a sensation because of the important connections of her alleged accomplices. One of them, an Austrian named Rosenberg who was prominent on the Paris Bourse and whose Paris bank is under sequestration, fled to Switzerland at the opening of hostilities. He organized a bank and information bureau at Zurich, in association with another Austrian named Bettelheim, according to the Matin. The newspaper says, Mathias Erzberger, a member of the German Reichstag, had a large account with the firm and drew heavily on it to carry on a propaganda in Switzerland.

land. Another of the accused, Louis Bordier of Paris, formerly director of the Casino at Lugano, was followed into Switzerland by French detectives to the doors of Rosenberg's establishment in Zurich, the Matin declares. Emile Cuillier, husband of Simey Bordier and former manager of Sam McVey, the pugilist, had been employed during the war by a manufacturer of artificial limbs, to visit military and Red Cross hospitals to take orders from maimed soldiers. Maurice Tremblay, a bank employee and a representative of Rosenberg before the war, also was traced to Zurich, according to the Petit Parisien, and is said to have made mysterious trips along the French coast in an automobile.

His Feet Too Big For Army

Private Mose Jefferson, the negro who was honorably discharged from the National Army at Camp Travis, San Antonio, because the Government could not find shoes big enough to fit him, is back in his little log cabin home, near Goose Creek, Texas. He is sloshing around unshod, as he has been doing ever since he saw the light of day about twenty-five years ago. Mose's feet required a No. 15 shoe. During the three months that he spent at Camp Travis, he was a sore trial to the official of the supply department, as well as to the officers who had charge of the drilling of the company to which he belonged. Mose is proud of the distinction he has attained. "Y-a-a-s, sah, I likes de ahmy fust rate," he said to a white neighbor shortly after his return from Camp Travis.

"Did you do any drilling at Camp Travis?" Mose was asked. "Yaas, indeedy; I wuz drilled every day along with de rest of de niggers in de 165th Depot Brigade. When I wuz grafted I went to San Antonio with a bunch of niggers who had done been grafted to. When we got out to de camp we wuz given a wash-up an' den handed out uniforms and shoes. I tol' de capt'n I'd-a-never wo' shoes, but he said puttem on. De man kept a handin me one pair after another till he said he had run out of sizes. He called up de Major and I wuz sent ober to see dat man, and he axed me whut I meant a-hab'n' such a big feet; he said de Government didn't hab no time to be foolin' an' losin' time over a nigger who had feet dat no shoe would fit."

Duke A Suicide, Fearing Divorce

The mystery surrounding the death of Adolf Friedrich, Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz has now been cleared up and proves to be a remnant of true German mediaevalism. Many years ago it was agreed between the Duke and his brother, Karl Borwing that the latter should marry and continue the family, whereas Adolf Friedrich should devote his life to painting. Adolf Friedrich married a lady not of princely family, Karl Borwing was killed in a motor accident. The heir presumptive is the late Duke's second cousin, Karl Michael. In July, 1914, he became a naturalized General in the Russian Army, and so cannot now inherit the title.

At the beginning of the war an effort was made to force the Duke to divorce his morganatic wife in order to marry a Princess of the royal family. Not only did the Duke, who was devoted to his wife, refuse to divorce her, but she herself strenuously opposed the project, although, as German papers assert, the State demanded it, and the situation apparently preyed on the Duke's mind, although, according to reports, he continued to appear before

the public as a gay, debonaire man of the world. Latterly, however, he had led a more and more lonely life, often wandering about the woods of his estate at night, until finally he lost his reason and committed suicide.

A small Mecklenburg paper publishes a statement, as it asserts, to dissipate many false rumors. This journal says that the Duke intended to become engaged to a Princess of a German house whom he loved, but that, before the war, possible obstacles had to be overcome in the shape of the breaking of connections with a person of lower rank, and that this affected his reason.

Apparently the Strelitzers wish to remain citizens of an independent federal State, and for this reason would even consent to allowing the Russian General, Karl Michael, to reign, in order that Mecklenburg-Strelitz should not be amalgamated with the Dukedom of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, an event which would ensue if the nearest heir were not allowed to succeed. An appeal has been made to them to maintain the independence which they have enjoyed for more than 200 years.

British Lords On Suffrage

(From the London Observer)
It is curious to notice the recurrence of phraseology in the speeches of the Lords against woman suffrage. Lord Loreburn criticised the proposal as "a leap in the dark" (the Morning Post uses the same consecrated words) and the Archbishop of Canterbury as "a plunge into darkness;" while Lord Curzon spoke of "opening the floodgates." They are perhaps

the two favorite Parliamentary similes on the Conservative benches. We should probably have heard of the "thin end of the wedge" if this end had not been, as a matter of fact, fairly thick. The comprehensive reply to these maxims of timidity is that if we had never leaped in the dark or opened floodgates or driven in thin ends of wedges we should

still, in the words of Henry Luttrell, "be eating acorns."

Yet, as the same debate showed, novelty of metaphor has its perils. Lord Lansdowne spoke of the leader of the house as having "reined his steel back upon its haunches on the very verge of the precipice." But the sentence, as it appeared in print, said that Mr. Bonar Law had "raised himself back upon his haunches."

One of the most pleasing novelties of the occasion was to find the two archbishops and all the twelve bishops present in the majority. The episcopal benches have not always been so sympathetic to reform; in 1831 the ratio was 22 to 2 against. The dukes were the only rank in the peerage which did not favor the present bill, and they were equally divided. The massed vote of the lord chancellors (past and present), however, was on the other side; with Lord Haldane and Lord Buckmaster for and Lord Finlay, Lord Halsbury and Lord Loreburn against.

The coming of woman suffrage may be expected to react on the newspapers, for it is natural that the new voters will take a closer interest in public affairs than they did in the state of tutelage. None of the press seems to have thought of basing an argument against the bill on the unintelligent type of journal mostly favored by women. Possibly their caste will improve and their sphere of interest will be enlarged; indeed, the whole scheme is a daring experiment on the expectation of that improvement and enlargement.

'Cannot Match Bible'

(From the Detroit News)
The bulk of the people—business men, lawyers, doctors and others don't read the Bible, but writers universally recognize it as the greatest book. Prof. William Lyon Phelps of Yale University, said in a recent address.

"Being a serious book it is weak in humor," Professor Phelps said. "But I think Job intended a grim joke when he said, 'Would that mine adversary had written a book!'"

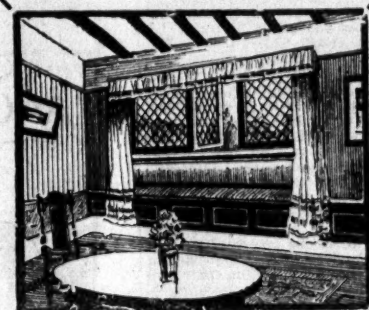
"No narrative writers can match the style of the Bible's old testament stories—Hume, Gibbon, Rose—they are all inferior. This is the day of the short-story writer, Kipling, De Maupassant, O. Henry, but their best efforts fall short of the stories of the Bible. So it is with its poetry in the Psalms. Its wisdom of the Proverbs is just as up-to-date as the morning paper, and there is no political economy equal to the Book of Gospels."

"It is impossible to over estimate the Bible's influence on English literature. Bunyan wrote a great book because he was saturated with the Bible, and it tricked out when he wrote."

"Lincoln knew only two books—the Bible and Shakespeare, and yet he was a splendidly educated man. To know the Bible is to be educated. One of the finest metaphors in Keats' 'Ode to a Nightingale' is taken directly from the Bible: 'Nearer My God to Thee' is simply a paraphrase of the Bible."

ARTS & CRAFTS LIMITED

MOTOR
REMOVALS,
FURNITURE
AND
CARPETS
STORED.



FURNISHING
DESIGNS
AND
ESTIMATES
SUBMITTED.

FURNISHERS
DECORATORS
UPHOLSTERERS

WILKINSONS
PAINTS & VARNISHES
FOR ALL
GENERAL PURPOSES

FOR OVER 30 YEARS WE HAVE HAD RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVES IN THE FAR EAST AND HAVE MADE A COMPLETE STUDY OF PAINT AND VARNISH PROBLEMS IN TROPICAL COUNTRIES. THIS EXPERIENCE IS AT YOUR SERVICE BY COMMUNICATING WITH OUR LOCAL BRANCH.

SHANGHAI, HONG KONG, BOMBAY.
24 Kiukiang Road, Alexandra Buildings, Oriental Buildings.
STOCKS HELD AT ALL BRANCHES
AGENTS AND DISTRIBUTORS IN EVERY PORT.
FACTORIES

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.
GREAT BRITAIN'S LARGEST PAINT & VARNISH MAKERS. FOUNDED 1770.
Caledonian Works, POPLAR, LONDON, E.

Prime American Coke Tin Plate

We have to offer the above best quality Tin Plate in all standard sizes from 90-pound base to 155-pound base.

We also offer Turn Plates, Black Plates and Lacquered Tin Plates.

We can furnish them for immediate delivery out of New York stock, strapped for Export.

Machinery and Metals Sales Company

Cable "Machinery Metalsales" W. C. Wickersham Gen. Manager for China 15 NANKING ROAD. Phone Central 3240

Cover it with
Certain-teed
Roofing

Dr. John Goddard Optician

Refracting
and
Manufacturing

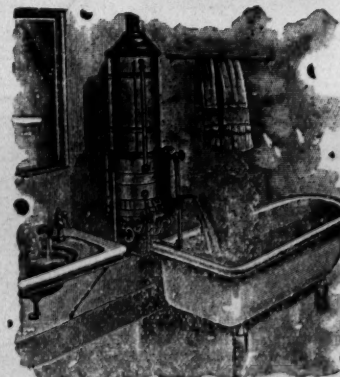
Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses
in
Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.
26, Nank. ng Road

HOT WATER READY ON DEMAND



Ready in
10 seconds,
not 10
minutes.
Geyser on
Hire only
\$2.00
per month.

Apply to
THE SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.
SHOWROOM: 29 Nanking Road. OFFICE: 5 Thibet Road.

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
Office: Canton and Kiangsu R.R. Station
Canton, China

Subscription Office: Canton and Kiangsu R.R. Station
Canton, China
Subscription Rates:
Daily and Sunday, per Year... \$2.00
Daily and Sunday, per Month... \$0.15
Sunday only, per Year... \$1.00
Mailed to Outports, 10 cents per month, or
\$1.00 per year extra.

Mailed to foreign countries the cost of postage
will be added.
Street Sales—Daily 10 cents per copy; Sunday
10 cents per copy.

Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission
with "special marks" privilege in China.
Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S.
Post Office, Shanghai, China.

Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.
Post Office, Shanghai, China.
1433 Editorial Department.
Telephone Address—NATTSAN SHANGHAI.

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated
Delaware, Publishers

WEATHER

Fine warm weather in our regions.
Cyclonic circulation on the coast
of Pechili where a N. Westerly
gale is likely to set in at the rear
of the present depression. Variable
and moderate breezes in the
South.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, APRIL 18, 1918

Czernin, Lichnowsky And Imperial Duplicity

THE Emperor of Austria-Hungary
has "accepted" the resignation
of Count Czernin, his Minister for
Foreign Affairs. This means that
Count Czernin, like Prince Lich-
nowsky, in August, 1914, has been
sacrificed to an Imperial blunder.
The damaging disclosures recently
made by Prince Lichnowsky, former
German Ambassador in London, and
more latterly by M. Clemenceau,
are having their effect.

It is almost incredible that the
sovereign of a European state
should have stooped to the level of
trying to cover a *faux pas* with a
falsehood. But that is what has
happened. Following the dramatic
revelations by M. Clemenceau in
consequence of the Czernin lie that
it was France, and not Austria-
Hungary, that some time ago
started tentative peace overtures
and that Austria had never ac-
knowledgeed that France had a just
claim to the reacquisition of Alsace-
Lorraine, Emperor Karl has been
driven to the necessity of flatly
denying everything as the easiest
and simplest way out of his
dilemma, obviously quaking in his
shoes in mortal terror of his ally
and master, Kaiser Wilhelm. He
disavows his own signature. He
declares that he never wrote a
lengthy missive to his brother-in-
law, Prince Sixte de Bourbon, which
was communicated by the latter on
March 31, 1917, to President Poin-
caré who, with the assent of the
Prince, forwarded it immediately to
the French Premier. The indignation
simulated by Emperor Karl in his
telegram of disavowal to the Kaiser
is calculated to shame a
Machiavelli.

Count Czernin, who has been the
unwitting cause of his sovereign's
predicament, tried to kill two birds
with one stone by his clumsy and
childish maneuver in trying to
make the world believe that France
was begging for peace and that
Alsace-Lorraine formed the sole
bone of contention for which the
war was being sustained. In the
first place, he hoped thereby to
quiet the malcontents in Austria-
Hungary, and in the second place he
hoped to undermine M. Clemenceau's
reputation for loyalty among the
Allied peoples, and furthermore to
detach the United States from the
Allies and to fasten the accusation
of bad faith on France. It is an
everlasting tribute to the inepti-
tude of Teuton mentality that Count
Czernin should have failed to fore-
see failure in the attainment of his
objects, which, on the face of them,
were fantastic and absurd and such
as only madmen could entertain for
one single instant.

Austria does not stand alone in
duplicitous tergiversation. She
has an admirable emulator, in fact
an instructor, in that gentle art. It
would be distinctly apropos to
allude to the Lichnowsky docu-
ment which conclusively fastens the
guilt and responsibility for the pre-
sent war on Germany, and Germany
alone. It is one of the ironies of
the war that it should have been
left to a German to establish Ger-

many's guilt. When Prince Lich-
nowsky was German Ambassador in
London he prepared a memorandum
on German policy.

In August, 1916, in order to ex-
pound and justify his position to his
personal friends, he made out half
a dozen typewritten copies of the
document, one of which, through
betrayal, reached the German
Foreign Office, where it caused a
great scandal. Another reached the
Minority Socialists, who somehow
got it across the German frontier.
The document, which the world ac-
cepts as authentic, is chiefly im-
portant as affording additional and
overwhelming proof of Great Brit-
tain's consistent desire for peace.
Prince Lichnowsky describes how,
on his arrival in London in 1912,
he found that Sir Edward Grey re-
fused to give up the idea of an
agreement with Germany. "The
aim of British statesmen was not to
isolate Germany, but to get Ger-
many to participate in the already
established concert by removing the
causes of friction between England
and Germany and securing world
peace by a network of agreements."

Prince Lichnowsky adds that Sir
Edward Grey seemed to find a way
out of every apparent deadlock.
The publication of the Lichnowsky
Memorandum aroused the ire of the
Berlin Junkers. Vice-Chancellor
von Payer in an address to the
Reichstag, delivered strictures on
Prince Lichnowsky for having given
even the smallest publicity to his
views, and characterized the docu-
ment as absolutely valueless from
a historical point of view, yet he is
to be tried for high treason—this
royal prince, the representative of
Germany at that country's most im-
portant embassy. If it is really be-
lieved that the document is his-
torically valueless, why prefer
against the former Ambassador the
gravest charge that can be brought
against a man?

The fact of the matter is that
the Lichnowsky document is a com-
plete and crushing indictment of
Germany. Fearful of further ex-
posures, the German Foreign Office
prohibited Prince Lichnowsky to
publish articles in the press. The
whole trend of the memorandum
was to furnish conclusive and ir-
refutable testimony that Great Brit-
tain at all times had earnestly
sought to improve relations with
Germany and to arrive at a definite
understanding. Prince Lichnowsky
at the outset emphasized that the
good relations he established in
London had effected a noticeable
improvement in German relations
with Britain. He testified that Sir
Edward Grey, the then Minister of
Foreign Affairs, had devoted him-
self honestly to this rapprochement
and his intentions were specially
notable with regard to the Colonial
Treaty and the Bagdad Railway.
Great Britain also showed evidence
of good will towards Germany and
was accommodating in many other
respects.

"We want freedom of the seas,"
has been one of the commonest
catchwords employed by the Ger-
mans since the outbreak of the war,
but this meaningless cry will not
stand the test of analysis. The lack
of validity in the German conten-
tion that freedom of the seas has
been denied to them, cannot be
driven home in more convincing
way than by simply pointing out the
fact that British ports were open
to Germans, as to all other nations,
without let or hindrance and with
no restrictions whatsoever. When
this incontrovertible fact is borne
in mind, the German contention
that Germany had been denied
freedom of the seas becomes trans-
parently and palpably dishonest.
All the world knows by this time
on whom the blood guilt of this
war can be legitimately fastened.
Germany stands self-convicted out of
her own mouth. And the righteous-
ness of the French claim to Alsace-
Lorraine is conceded by the Em-
peror of Austria-Hungary.

As Russia Stands Now

(From Boston Transcript)

By the terms of the treaty which
Germany has extorted from the
spineless Bolsheviks, Russia be-
comes a mere blob on the map,
without a lookout on the world,
without center (for the Turkish-
speaking Tartars of Kazan are en-
trenched there) and without circum-
ference. The frontiers are pared in
every direction. . . . This is the
fate which befalls a once super-
powerful nation of 125,000,000 peo-
ple, feared by all the world, as the
result of the development of a form
of idealism which had in it no
prudent balance whatever, no
caution concerning men, and none
of that "decent respect to the
opinions of mankind" upon which
the American democracy founded its
own revolution as a corner-stone.

Shipping Men Foresee End Of U-Boat Menace

(From The Analyst, March 11)

One of the largest shipping firms
in the United States, which recently
instituted an elaborate and con-
fidential system of its own for as-
certaining, as nearly as possible, the
definite figures of loss and gain in
the submarine war, estimates that
for the month of January the total
losses were \$30,000 tons; made up
by new construction, 245,000 tons;
net loss, 185,000 tons. For February
the total losses were 400,000 tons;
made up by new construction,
275,000 tons; net loss, 125,000 tons.
All these figures are for dead-weight
cargo capacity, the most general
and convenient method of calculat-
ing shipping tonnage.

On the whole, these figures are
regarded hopefully by the shipping
industry, which never has been guilty
of the easy optimism regarding the
submarine war into which those not
daily face to face with menace some-
times fall. Certainly if the net loss,
with present facilities for new con-
struction, can be held steadily down
to 125,000 tons a month, as soon
as the big new fabricating yards in
this country begin launching ships,
which will be in two or three months
only, at most, this margin can soon
be made up. Consequently the real
crisis in the ocean transport situa-
tion may be expected in May or
June, and this calculation, based on
figures, coincides with the general
opinion in the shipping industry it-
self.

In its estimate, the shipping in-
dustry figures only on the curve of
losses and the curve of new con-
struction. There is a third and very
important factor, the rising curve
of commissioning of new destroyers,
patrol boats and seaplanes, but as
only the navy knows this factor,
shipping men prefer to be on the
safe side by ignoring it. However,
it was noted that Admiral Lord
Jellicoe predicted that by August the
submarine would be mastered.

Meanwhile, conditions in the
shipping industry in America are
more and more approaching those
of England where there is very little
left of the open shipping market,
and the mobilization of all tonnage
is virtually complete. One New York
shipping man remarked last week
that he expected to play a great deal
of golf this summer and many
others are considering whether or
not it would pay them to close their
offices to save the rent. There have
been some comforting words from
the men in Government service re-
garding their intention to take care
of their less fortunate brethren, in
order to keep the industry alive for
a revival with the return of peace
and a free market, but so far these
benevolent intentions have remained
intentions only.

Interest among freight as well as
ship brokers, who still find some-
thing to do in allotting odds and
ends of cargo space in the Govern-
ment-controlled ships now in the
trans-Atlantic trade, and among the
shipowners who are running their
own ships under Government orders
for Government account, has been
mildly excited by the recent cut in
the British official war risk insurance
rates to 3 per cent although this,
under present conditions, affects only
the shipper who now deals direct
with the Government. At least it
reflects the more optimistic feeling
regarding the submarine.

From present indications the re-
sult of the recent drastic restrictions
upon imports and exports, and
mobilization of tonnage, continues
to be felt in an easier condition so
far as the trans-Atlantic movement
is concerned, but this has been ob-
tained at the cost of construction
in other important trades. Just now
the authorities are engaged in put-
ting as many small craft and sail-
ing vessels as possible into the West
Indies for moving the sugar crop.
Thanks to the policy adopted last
Fall by the Chartering Committee,
of approving charters for one round
trip only, a fair supply of vessels
of this type is being released gradu-
ally from the South American
trade. But what this means in an-
other direction is indicated by the
fact that nitrate imports from Chile
in February totaled only 73,000
tons, against a normal requirement
of from 125,000 to 150,000 tons.
The present policy of the Govern-
ment in restricting the tonnage en-
gaged in the nitrate trade appears
to have been based on the expecta-
tion that the release of the Dutch
ships, most of which were to have
been put in this trade, together with
the employment of the twenty-odd
French sailing vessels sent here in
exchange for American steamships
sent into the war zone, would make
up the shortage.

The owners of some requisitioned
steamships now running in the
Pacific have recently been notified
to have the vessels surveyed for gun
platforms, which can mean only that
the crisis is expected soon to require
their transfer to the Atlantic.

Poems Of The Great War

"A Book of Verse of the Great
War," Edited by W. Reginald
Wheeler, with a Foreword by Char-
lton M. Lewis. Ph. D. Emily San-
ford, Professor of English Literature,
Yale College. Yale University Press.
\$2.00 gold net. On sale in Shang-
hai at Edward Evans and Sons,
Mission Book Co., Kelly and Walsh
and other book shops.

The present war has given birth
to some very notable literature, both
poetry and prose. One of the most
outstanding literary productions of
the war is the collection of poems
under the above caption edited by
Mr. W. Reginald Wheeler, the book
being invested with 'additional in-
terest in that the compiler is Pro-
fessor of English Literature in the
Hangchow Christian College.

A prominent feature of the book,
which has been published on the
foundation established in memory
of Herbert A. Scheffel, of the Class
of 1898, Yale College, is the admir-
able sense of selection manifested
by Mr. Wheeler, whose taste is as
catholic in art as in morals. It
would have been easy to have picked
at random from the surfeit of war
poems that have issued from the
press since the war and jumbled
them together in a more or less
haphazard manner, but Mr. Wheel-
er's discriminatory sense has ensured
avoidance of this pitfall, and con-
sequently we have a book of verse
which may, without exaggeration,
be said to be representative of the
spirit kindled by the war in men of
letters of every shade of thought,
emotion and literary expression.
The names of most of the contribu-
tors are household words in two
hemispheres. Wilfrid Wilson Gibson,
Maurice Hewlett, Rupert Brooke,
Alan Seeger, Cecil Chesterton, John
Galsworthy, Amy Lowell, Edgar Lee
Masters, Alfred Noyes and Rabind-
ranath Tagore are, among others,
represented in the collection.

Nothing that is bitter has found
a place in the volume under review.
A lofty idealism pervades the pages
of the book throughout, in perfect
harmony with the true essence of
poetry. That the war is viewed by
many as a negation of the idealism
expressed in the poems detracts no-
thing from the value of the book
as a literary landmark of times
which are trying men's souls. For
two years and a half the compiler
of the volume had resided in Europe,
America and Asia, and had en-
deavored to choose the most worthy
expressions of sentiment concerning
the war which have come from these
three continents.

In the selection of verse he has
aimed to exclude those poems which
pale to be inspired by the more
extreme animosities of the present
conflict. As Mr. Wheeler himself
expresses it, he has held fast to this
principle only in the hope that the
verse selected may be the most
likely to survive and that this
anthology of war verse which at-
tempts to emphasize the more per-
manent and universal features of the
Great War, rather than its transi-
tory, particular phases, may thus
contribute in some small measure
to the renewal of the fellowship of
the universal community of man-
kind.

There is a breadth of vision in
this volume of poems that gives us
a prophetic glimpse into the future
state of mankind. The generous im-
pulses to which expression is given
in the deathless language of the in-
spired poet are bound in due course
to spread to governments and peo-
ples, and these are almost the sole
hope of humanity for the establish-
ment of peace and goodwill in place
of strife and bitter rancor.

The poets whose verse has been
embodied in the volume under re-
view are eloquent mediums of ex-
pression of the worldwide impulses
towards humanity and righteousness.
As in the American Civil War, so
today the struggle for self-preservation
is also a struggle for the estab-
lishment of a great idea, upon
which rests the hope of the world.
Mr. Charlton M. Lewis aptly re-
marks in the course of his well-
conceived foreword that these years
of ruinous militancy have also been
years of unique intellectual and
spiritual fermentation. The poetry
of this war is not merely war poetry,
not merely patriotic poetry; it is
the poetry of an irresistible move-
ment of human thought, reinvigora-
ted by the very crime that was de-
signed to arrest it, which encourages
the hope that out of evil good may
result.

It is impossible within the nar-
row limits of a comparatively brief
review to do justice to the many
poetic gems that throughout the
pages of the book throw out brilliant
facets of inspired thought. Such
poems as Dana Burnett's "The Forge
of God," Gilbert Frankau's "Eyes in
the Air" and "The Voice of the
Guns," William Griffith's "Litany of
Nations," Cecil Roberts' "Chant of
Dead Warriors," Alan Seeger's "I
Have a Rendezvous with Death,"
to mention only a few at random,
should be read to be fully appreci-
ated and to have their poetic beauty
and moral grandeur adequately
grasped.

A few stanzas may here be se-
lected to advantage from different parts
of the book. There is poignancy in
the following lines written anon-
ymously by a mother whose soldier
son has been killed in action:

Jesting he sailed—I hid a stricken
heart—
Into that frenzied Hell which
mocks the sun
And God's vast tenderness!
Soon, in the skies of April, larks
shall wing

And chant sweet orisons in vain
for him—
A warrior fallen. Mine the sterner
part
To bear my loneliness.

One of the brightest gems of
Rupert Brooke is the oft-quoted
opening stanza of "The Soldier." It
runs as follows:

If I should die, think only this of
me:
That there's some corner of a
foreign field
That is for ever England. There
shall be
In that rich earth a richer earth
concealed;
A dust whom England bore,
shaped, made aware,
Gave, once, her flowers to love,
her ways to roam,
A body of England's, breathing
English air,
Washed by the rivers, blest by
suns of home.

Deep pathos will be found in the
following lines of Dana Burnett bear-
ing on a moving incident in verse
entitled "Christmas in the Trenches":

Out of the trenches lifts a half-
shamed song, "Holy Night!"
Here, where the sappers burrowed
all night long
To bring the trench up for the
morrow's fight,
A British lad, with face unwon-
ted white,
Looks at the sky and sings a carol
through,
"God rest you, merry gentle-
men!"
It was the only Christmas thing
he knew.

And there were tears wrung out
of hard-lipped men
Tears in the strangest places,
Tears on the troopers' faces!
James Bernard Fagan breathes
the spirit of England in the follow-
ing lines of his poem "The Hour":

We've shut the gates by Dover
Straits,
And North, where the tides run
free,
Cheek by jowl, our watchdogs
prowl,
Grey hulks in a greyer sea.
And the prayer that England prays
tonight—
O Lord of our destiny!
But we've no time, for our lips
are tight,
Our fists are clenched, and we're
stripped to fight.
God give us victory!

Grim majesty is the distinguishing
characteristic of every line of "The
Voice of the Slaves," by Gilbert
Frankau, R.S.A.:

We have bartered our souls to the
guns;
Every fibre of body and brain
Have we trained to them, chained
to them. Serfs?
Aye! but proud of the weight of
our chain,
Or our backs that are bowed to
their workings,
To hide them and guard and
disguise.
Of our ears that are deafened
with service,
Of hands that are scarred, and
of eyes
Grown hawklike with marking
their prey,
Of wings that are slashed as
with swords
When we hover, the turn of a
blade.

From the death that is sweet
to our lords.
This review of a notable book
cannot be better concluded than by
reproducing a few passages from
Mr. Lewis admirable foreword:
"Even those poets who have writ-
ten pure war poetry have not writ-
ten precisely the kind that might
have been expected. There has ap-
peared no 'Charge of the Light
Brigade,' no 'Defence of Lucknow.'
And this is not because the best of
England's martial poets is dead. Is
it not a natural consequence of the
war's vastness? No individual feat
of arms could sufficiently absorb the
world's attention to provide a fit
theme. In spite of Mons and Suva
Bay, in spite of many another single
instance of extraordinary valor, the
thing that has most profoundly im-
pressed our imagination has been
the heroic long endurance of whole
nations in the trenches. Arnold
Winkelried has had no opportunity,
in this war, to win liberty and im-
mortal renown with one sweep of
his arms; but we know that a mil-
lion of his peers are sleeping in un-
noted graves.

"Perhaps this accounts in part for
the popular success of such war
poems as those of Wilfrid Wilson
Gibson. They make no invidious
selection; they are typical and re-
presentative. They suggest what
ten millions of our allies have been
enduring, to keep our civilisation
secure and to preserve righteous-
ness as an essential feature of it.
The homely humor of their realism
reaches our understanding with a
vividness that nothing in King
Cambyse's vein could attain. Our
own hearts supply the unexpressed
sentiment.

"There is another way in which
poetry has reflected the mere vast-
ness of the conflict. It was one of
Macaulay's commonplaces that war
works no disturbance in the life of
a great nation; for love, pleasure
and industry go on at home as
before, while all the strain and
shock are absorbed by professional
fighters far away. This complacency

was proper enough, before Prussia
had entered upon her project of sub-
jugating the world; but what do
France and England think about it
now? Some of the most interesting
poems in Mr. Wheeler's collection
are poems of the war as it is waged
at home. They remind us that to-
day is a day of fireside heroisms,
such as Macaulay could never have
dreamed of.

"Every reader of these poems will
notice the comparative rarity of the
purely martial ring. The literary
Sullivan foresees 'after all the an-
tend of our day has been away from
all high heroics; and especially the
passion of military swagger has
grown more and more uncongenial
to a generation of peace-lovers. The
shock of war has not wholly re-
volutionised our taste. Here and
there, to be sure, will be found
something after the old school; and
at least one reader (though himself
a peace-lover) derives from some
of these poems a profound gratifica-
tion. It surely is not mere elemen-
tal barbarity, it is not mere jingoism,
that rings in the appeal of 'England
to the Sea':
"God grant to us the old Armada
weather,

The winds that rip, the heavens
that stoop and lour—
Not till the sea and England sink
together,
Shall they be masters! Let
them boast that hour!
"Other poets, less concerned with
the ephemeral than with the last-
ing, look forward to the after-re-
generation of the world, which is to
be the guerdon of our sacrifice.
Clinton Scollard is confident of the
dawning of 'that diviner day.' Alan
Sullivan foresees 'after all the an-
guish, God.' These visions, too, are
good because they are cheering; but
there may be higher wisdom in the
stoicism that is less cock-sure. Per-
haps the deep truth of the matter
is spoken in William S. Johnson's
'Prayer for Peace.' Perhaps humani-
ty will best fulfil its inscrutable mis-
sion if it takes to heart Woodberry's
grave rebuke to the over-sanguine:
"For man doth build on an eternal
scale,
And his ideals are framed of
hope deferred;
The millennium came not; yet
Christ did not fail.
Though ever unaccomplished is
his word."

N. Y. K.

Trans-Pacific Service

By the following Superior Steamers
equipped with all the Most Modern
Improvements for the Safety and
Comfort of Passengers.

SUWA MARU	... 21,000 tons
FUSHIMI MARU	... 21,000 "
KASHIMA MARU	... 19,000 "
KATORI MARU	... 19,000 "

For particulars apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Telephone Nos. North 115, North 2723.

16919

Far Eastern Travellers' Gazette

(NEW EDITION)

Free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON

Russo-Asiatic Bank Building

Tel. Central 2203, 2218.

15 The Bund, Shanghai.

Willards Canadian Chocolates

DELICIOUS FLAVOUR
IDEAL GIFTS

AGENTS:

Boyes Bassett & Co.

35 Nanking Road

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING

Coal
Coke

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus



Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru, Apr. 19
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru, Apr. 23

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikuzen M. Apr. 24
For U.S. Canada and Europe:—
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela Apr. 27
For Manila:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru, Apr. 21
MAILS DUE.
From U.S. Canada and Europe.
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru, Apr. 20
Per O.S.K. s.s. Chicago M. Apr. 23

Love, Home and Table Topics
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

TYPEWRITER

RIBBONS

at \$11.00 per dozen

or by investing in our Coupon



CARBON PAPERS

from \$1.00 per box of 100 sheets and upwards

TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES

HILSBRUNNER & CO.

"THE SWISS HOUSE"

1 Nanking Road

Telephone 218

French Actress Arrested on Treason Charge

The arrest of the actress Sumey Depuy, who played a minor role at Sarah Bernhardt's Theater, Paris, on charges of maintaining relations with the enemy, has caused a sensation because of the important connections of her alleged accomplices. One of them, an Austrian named Rosenberg who was prominent on the Paris Bourse and whose Paris bank is under sequestration, fled to Switzerland at the opening of hostilities. He organized a bank and information bureau at Zurich, in association with another Austrian named Betelheim, according to the Matin. The newspaper says, Mathias Erzberger, a member of the German Reichstag, had a large account with the firm and drew heavily on it to carry on a propaganda in Switzerland.

land. Another of the accused, Louis Bordier of Paris, formerly director of the Casino at Lugano, was followed into Switzerland by French detectives to the doors of Rosenberg's establishment in Zurich, the Matin declares. Emile Cuillier, husband of Sumey Depuy and former manager of Sam McVey, the pugilist, had been employed during the war by a manufacturer of artificial limbs, to visit military and Red Cross hospitals to take orders from maimed soldiers. Maurice Tremblay, a bank employee and a representative of Rosenberg before the war, also was traced to Zurich, according to the Petit Parisien, and is said to have made mysterious trips along the French coast in an automobile.

His Feet Too Big For Army

Private Mose Jefferson, the negro who was honorably discharged from the National Army at Camp Travis, San Antonio, because the Government could not find shoes big enough to fit him, is back in his little log cabin home, near Goose Creek, Texas. He is sloshing around unshod, as he has been doing ever since he saw the light of day about twenty-five years ago. Mose's feet required a No. 15 shoe. During the three months that he spent at Camp Travis, he was a sore trial to the official of the supply department, as well as to the officers who had charge of the drilling of the company to which he belonged. Mose is proud of the distinction he has attained. "Y-a-a-s, sah, I likes de ahmy fust rate," he said to a white neighbor shortly after his return from Camp Travis.

"Did you do any drilling at Camp Travis?" Mose was asked. "Yas, indeedy; I wuz drilled ebbery day along with de rest of de niggers in de 165th Depot Brigade. When I wuz grafted I went to San Antonio with a bunch of niggers who had done been grafted to. When we got out to de camp we wuz given a wash-up an' den handed out uniforms and shoes. I tol' de capt'n I'd a-never wot' shoes, but he said puttem on. De man kept a handin me one pair after another till he said he had run out of sizes. He called up de Major and I wuz sent ober to see dat man, and he axed me what I meant a-havin' such a big feet; he said de Gov'ment didn't hab no time to be follin' and losin' time over a nigger who had feet dat no shoe would fit."

Duke A Suicide, Fearing Divorce

The mystery surrounding the death of Adolf Friedrich, Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz has now been cleared up and proves to be a remnant of true German mediaevalism. Many years ago it was agreed between the Duke and his brother, Karl Borwing, that the latter should marry and continue the family, whereas Adolf Friedrich should devote his life to painting. Adolf Friedrich married a lady not of princely family. Karl Borwing was killed in a motor accident. The heir presumptive is the late Duke's second cousin, Karl Michael. In July, 1914, he became a naturalized General in the Russian Army, and so cannot now inherit the title.

At the beginning of the war an effort was made to force the Duke to divorce his morganatic wife in order to marry a Princess of the royal family. Not only did the Duke, who was devoted to his wife, refuse to divorce her, but she herself strenuously opposed the project, although, as German papers assert, the State demanded it, and the situation apparently preyed on the Duke's mind, although, according to reports, he continued to appear before

the public as a gay, debonaire man of the world. Lately, however, he had led a more and more lonely life, often wandering about the woods of his estate at night, until finally he lost his reason and committed suicide.

A small Mecklenburg paper publishes a statement, as it asserts, to dissipate many false rumors. This journal says that the Duke intended to become engaged to a Princess of a German house whom he loved, but that, before this was possible, obstacles had to be overcome in the shape of the breaking of connections with a person of lower rank, and that this affected his reason. Apparently the Strelitzers wish to remain citizens of an independent federal State, and for this reason would even consent to allowing the Russian General, Karl Michael, to reign, in order that Mecklenburg-Strelitz should not be amalgamated with the Dukedom of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, an event which would ensue if the nearest heir were not allowed to succeed. An appeal has been made to them to maintain the independence which they have enjoyed for more than 200 years.

British Lords On Suffrage

(From the London Observer)
It is curious to notice the recurrence of phraseology in the speeches of the Lords against woman suffrage. Lord Loreburn criticised the proposal as "a leap in the dark" (the Morning Post uses the same consecrated words) and the Archbishop of Canterbury as "a plunge into darkness;" while Lord Curzon spoke of "opening the floodgates." They are perhaps

the two favorite Parliamentary similes on the Conservative benches. We should probably have heard of the "thin end of the wedge" if this end had not been, as a matter of fact, fairly thick. The comprehensive reply to these maxims of timidity is that if we had never leaped in the dark or opened floodgates or driven in thin ends of wedges we should

still, in the words of Henry Luttrell, "be eating acorns."

Yet, as the same debate showed, novelty of metaphor has its perils. Lord Lansdowne spoke of the leader of the house as having "reined his steed back upon its haunches on the very verge of the precipice." But the sentence, as it appeared in print, said that Mr. Bonar Law had "raised himself back upon his haunches."

One of the most pleasing novelties of the occasion was to find the two archbishops and all the twelve bishops present in the majority. The episcopal benches have not always been so sympathetic to reform; in 1831 the ratio was 22 to 2 against. The dukes were the only rank in the peerage which did not favor the present bill, and they were equally divided. The massed vote of the lord chancellors (past and present), however, was on the other side; with Lord Haldane and Lord Buckmaster for and Lord Finlay, Lord Halsbury and Lord Loreburn against.

The coming of woman suffrage may be expected to react on the newspapers, for it is natural that the new voters will take a closer interest in public affairs than they did in the state of tutelage. None of the press seems to have thought of basing an argument against the bill on the unintelligent type of journal mostly favored by women. Possibly their caste will improve and their sphere of interest will be enlarged; indeed, the whole scheme is a daring experiment on the expectation of that improvement and enlargement.

'Cannot Match Bible'

(From the Detroit News)
The bulk of the people—business men, lawyers, doctors and others don't read the Bible, but writers universally recognize it as the greatest book. Prof. William Lyon Phelps of Yale University, said in a recent address.

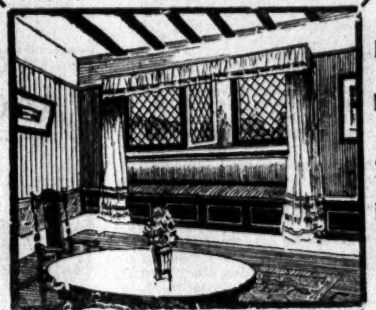
"Being a serious book, it is weak in humor," Phelps said. "But I think Job intended a grim joke when he said, 'Would that mine adversary had written a book.' "No narrative writers can match the style of the Bible's old testament stories—Hume, Gibbon, Rose—they are all inferior. This is the day of the short-story writer, Kipling, De Maupassant, O. Henry, but their best efforts fall short of the stories of the Bible. So it is with its poetry in the Psalms. Its wisdom of the Proverbs is just as up-to-date as the morning paper, and there is no political economy equal to the Book of Gospels.

"It is impossible to over estimate the Bible's influence on English literature. Bunyan wrote a great book because he was saturated with the Bible, and it tricked out when he wrote.

"Lincoln knew only two books—the Bible and Shakespeare, and yet he was a splendidly educated man. To know the Bible is to be educated. One of the finest metaphors in Keat's 'Ode to a Nightingale' is taken directly from the Bible: 'Nearer My God to Thee' is simply a paraphrase of the Bible."

ARTS & CRAFTS LIMITED

MOTOR REMOVALS. FURNITURE AND CARPETS STORED.



FURNISHING DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES SUBMITTED.

FURNISHERS DECORATORS UPHOLSTERERS

WILKINSONS
PAINTS & VARNISHES
FOR ALL
GENERAL PURPOSES

FOR OVER 50 YEARS WE HAVE HAD RESIDENT REPRESENTATIVES IN THE FAR EAST AND HAVE MADE A COMPLETE STUDY OF PAINT AND VARNISH PROBLEMS IN TROPICAL COUNTRIES. THIS EXPERIENCE IS AT YOUR SERVICE BY COMMUNICATING WITH OUR LOCAL BRANCH.

SHANGHAI, HONG KONG, BOMBAY.
24 Kuikiang Road, Alexandra Buildings, Oriental Buildings.
STOCKS HELD AT ALL BRANCHES
AGENTS AND DISTRIBUTORS IN EVERY PORT.
FACTORIES

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, LTD.
GREAT BRITAIN LARGEST PAINT & VARNISH MAKERS. FOUNDED 1770.
Caledonian Works, POPLAR, LONDON, E.

Prime American Coke Tin Plate

We have to offer the above best quality Tin Plate in all standard sizes from 90-pound base to 155-pound base.

We also offer Turn Plates, Black Plates and Lacquered Tin Plates.

We can furnish them for immediate delivery out of New York stock, strapped for Export.

Machinery and Metals Sales Company

Cable "Machinery Metalsales" W. C. Wickersham Gen. Manager for China 15 NANKING ROAD. Phone Central 3240

Cover it with
Certain-teed
Roofing

Dr. John Goddard Optician

Refracting and Manufacturing

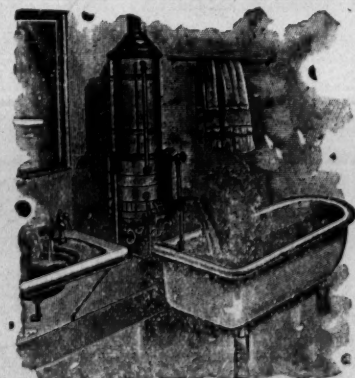
Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses in Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.
36, Nanking Road

HOT WATER READY ON DEMAND



Ready in 10 seconds, not 10 minutes.
Geyser on Hire only \$2.00 per month.

Apply to
THE SHANGHAI GAS CO., LTD.
SHOWROOM: 29 Nanking Road. OFFICE: 5 Thibet Road.

PEIYANG LEADERS MOVE TO REORGANISE PARTY

Policy Of Union To Control Government And Overawe South Is Decided On

From Our Own Correspondent
Peking, April 14.—The Peiyang Party, which was undoubtedly becoming disintegrated, evidently sees its danger and is making efforts towards closer unity, especially as against the so-called southwest. During the week-end, several members of the party who have recently been more or less in retirement have been called into the counsels and evidently they are for union.

Amongst these men is Mr. Chu Chi-chien, Minister of the Interior under Yuan Shih-kai and one of the most level-headed of the Peiyang group. He has been resting quietly at Tientsin or Paitaiho ever since the death of Yuan Shih-kai, but is now taking a quiet part in the work of the party. It is clear that the Peiyang group in all its original strength is preparing to control the whole Government. The return of Liang Shih-yi, of Chow Tze-chi, of Chu Chi-chien and of several less prominent members of the group, either to Peking itself or to the conferences that are held at Tientsin, clearly indicates that the group expects very shortly to be in the saddle again.

The new cohesion is to be seen also in other incidents. This morning one of the chief Peiyang newspapers publishes a leading article strongly supporting General Tuan Chi-jui, seeking to show that his policy with regard to the "southwest" has never varied, and incidentally repudiating the title "southwest" as an accurate description of the group of which Lu Yung-tung, Tang Chi-yao and Wu Yung-hsin are regarded as the leading members. The article contends that the opposition to the Government is not territorial but personal, and urges that the Prime Minister should receive the support of all real constitutionalists. Incidentally, the article which appears to be well informed, states that there will be no change in the Cabinet just at present. Another significant incident is that the Government has ordered the armies in Hunan to go forward to the attack of Heung-shan; quite clearly the supporters of a "strong" policy are getting their own way, which means that party unity is being achieved by the supremacy of the aggressivists.

Man And Woman Hurt In Chinese Shop Fire

Three Early Morning Blazes Keep Brigade Busy; Tea Godown Suffers

A man and a woman were slightly burnt while extinguishing a fire which broke in a Chinese sundries shop at G.1005 Mohawk Road at 12:30 a.m. yesterday. The blaze was caused by the upsetting of a lamp and was confined to some bedclothes.

At the same time as the above outbreak, No. 1, 2 and 4 companies of the brigade were fighting a fire in the tea godown of the G. R. Mian and A. M. Nomasee Co. at 12 Szechow Road. The fire was first reported to be in Carlowitz's large godown and the Fire King and Fire Float were ordered out. The flames had worked well into the tiers of tea cases, which were piled almost to the ceiling, and it took an hour and a half of hard work to subdue them. A large quantity of tea was saved practically undamaged.

A third small blaze, making the fourth call in 13 hours, occurred in a carpenter's shop at X. 234 North Shans Road at 6:45 a.m. yesterday. It was caused by sparks from a stove falling on a pile of shavings and was extinguished by the inmates.

A fourth outbreak was reported by a member of the Portuguese Co., S.V.C., stationed in Range Road on account of the riot call, at 10:07

And Then There's The Workless Day, Foo! By Tom Powers

BLUE TUESDAY MEATLESS



WEDNESDAY WHEATLESS



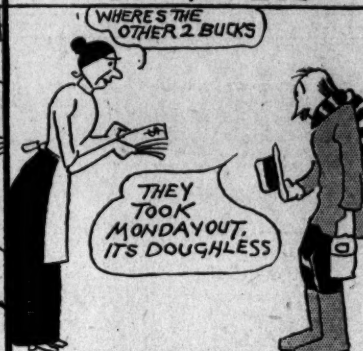
THURSDAY COOKLESS



FRIDAY HEATLESS



SATURDAY DOUGHLESS



SUNDAY SLEEPLESS



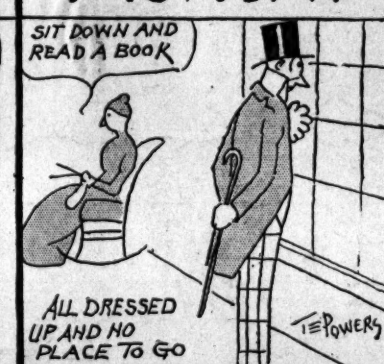
WORKLESS MONDAY MORNING



MONDAY NOON



MONDAY NIGHT



o'clock last night. The fire started in the upper part of a stable in Range Road between North Szechow Road and North Honan Road and for a time endangered a large terrace of buildings toward Haining Road. The premises were used as dwellings and these as well as the upper parts of three adjacent houses were more or less damaged. A general alarm was turned in and the adjacent terrace was cut off from danger just in time. The ponies in the stable were removed safely.

Rev. Morgan Addresses Asiatic Society Today

"A Case of Ritualism" is the topic of a paper which will be read by the Rev. Evan Morgan at today's meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society. The meeting will be held in the Society's lecture hall at No. 5 Museum Road at 5:30 p.m. It is open to the public.

The only sensible way to save money
and to practise economy

IS TO DEAL EXCLUSIVELY WITH SINCERE'S

We specialise in the following:

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Provisions | Underwear |
| Wines and Spirits | Silks |
| General Hardware | Jewellery |
| Furnishings | Optical Goods |
| Trunks and Bags | Clocks and Watches |
| Furniture | Electrical Novelties |
| Haberdashery | Crockery |
| Footwear | Etc., Etc., Etc. |

SINCERE'S

THE UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS

Nanking Road

Tel. 4733-34-35



Since War broke out
9,000
Oliver
Typewriters

have been bought by
H. B. M. Government
for military purposes

OLIVER
Typewriter

ALWAYS "AT THE FRONT"

Oliver Typewriter Agency: 1, Foochow Road

CHINKIANG AMERICANS ACTIVE IN WAR WORK

Much Material Already Sent And Permanent Red Cross Chapter To Be Formed

China Press Correspondence
Chinkiang, April 15.—At a meeting of the Americans this afternoon at the home of Rev. and Mrs. D. W. Richardson, it was voted to establish a chapter of the American Red Cross at Chinkiang. Rev. D. W. Richardson, Rev. D. F. Dodd and Miss Clara Belle Smith were appointed as a committee to make the necessary arrangements to merge the present American War Relief Association Chapter at Chinkiang into the American Red Cross.

The Treasurer made the following report:

Receipts from fees, \$ \$

dues, and thank offerings \$14.00
Expenditures for material, postage etc. 157.16
Other receipts 22.00
Additional expenditures 2.08
Balance on hand 38.11
197.35 197.35

The ladies have been meeting every Monday afternoon to do war relief work and have completed and sent on the following articles to the American Red Cross.

Pajamas 17 suits; slings 46; many tailed bandages 80; head bandages 12; scarfs 7; socks 12 pr.; bed socks 15 pr.; shoulder wraps 15.

Another lot is about ready for shipment. The material now on hand is being used up very fast and the balance of money on hand will not last long if the present rate of work is kept up.

The report was accepted and a vote of thanks extended to the ladies who have done such faithful work. The meeting adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

Patton's Inhibitive Red Iron Hide Paint

The Anti-Corrosive Red Roof Paint where
Quality and Quantity are Combined

Consult us before your Spring Painting.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

Estimates Free of Charge on Application to

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

PAINT CONTRACTING DEPT.

KODAK Finishing

Fastest and best work in town.
Get your work done right.

Barrie

"COMMANDER"



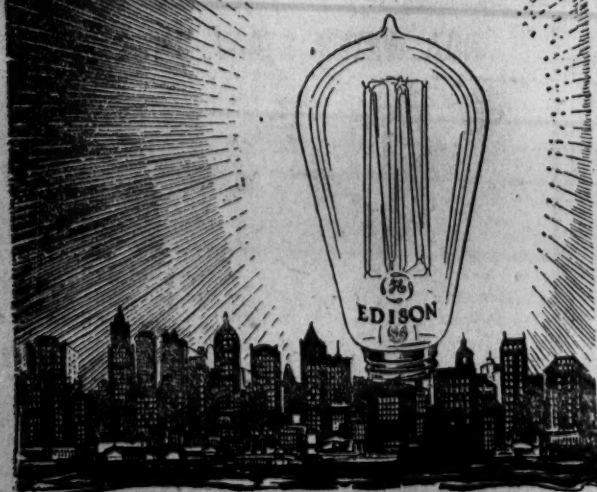
Sold in
Tins of
Fifty
Cigarettes

Also in
Packets of
Twenty
Cigarettes

It is necessary for you to try Commander but once to appreciate its better size and pleasing qualities.

Westminster Tobacco Co., Ltd.

The New Sun for the Whole World



G-E EDISON LAMPS

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

1a Yuen Ming Yuen Road: Telephone No. 178

SWEDEN SUFFERING UNDER WAR BURDENS

Scarcity Of Food And High Prices Fall Heavily Upon The Poor

CLINGS TO NEUTRAL STAND
Wife Of American Minister Tells Of Difficulties And Patience Of The People

New York, March 12.—While Sweden is in extremely critical condition owing to the scarcity of food, fuel and clothing, she is not likely to go into the war on either side, according to Mrs. Ira Nelson Morris, wife of the American Minister to Sweden, who is here for a short visit. Such a measure would only result in a revolution if it were contemplated, she says, but it is a most remote possibility, for the labor element and the Socialists, who are now very influential with the Government, are entirely opposed to the country entering the conflict. There is much less unrest since the new party came into power a year ago, and with the ever growing hope that the United States will raise its embargo on food the people feel that the present situation cannot continue for long.

Mr. Morris and his family went to Sweden just before the outbreak of the war, and therefore have faced many problems of diplomacy during the past four years. Sweden feels the effect of the opposing influences perhaps more than any of the neutral countries, with the German Queen and the English Crown Princess, but Mrs. Morris says that the sympathies are very evenly divided, and no more than 50 per cent of the population is pro-German. The American Minister now occupies the home of Prince Wilhelm, the second son of the King, who is separated from his wife, a Russian Princess. While they themselves have not suffered greatly for lack of any of the necessities, they long ago were obliged to forego luxuries and have had to pay enormous prices for many articles. Coal was hard to get at \$42 a ton, and coffee, which is no longer on the market, cost them as much as \$7 a pound.

War Prisoners A Problem

"With Sweden so near the theater of war we found so much to be done from the very beginning that we scarcely knew where to start," said Mrs. Morris at her apartment at the Plaza. "The American women there at once organized relief committees, but the tasks became so great within a few months that we saw that our forces were becoming too scattered and that it would be better to center our interests on a few branches of work that were perhaps not receiving so much attention. In order to determine the wisest course it was decided that I take a trip through the different countries and find out their needs first hand."

"By this time the number of prisoners being taken on both sides was growing with astounding rapidity, and the enforced idleness of these people was the great problem of the moment. Some of them in the camps were making crude articles from material at hand, so I gathered them up, urging them to continue the work, and established a market for these things by giving bazaars in Stockholm at frequent intervals. In this way we were able to provide many little comforts for the prisoners, and at the same time occupy them, which was the most important thing."

"Then came the exchange of prisoners and disabled soldiers between Russia and Germany and all of them were brought through Sweden. Hundreds would pass each day through a station about five hours from Stockholm, the Germans in the morning and the Russians in the afternoon, so we undertook to feed them there and provide them with

things they greatly needed before beginning the last part of their journey. The care of these people was quite the most depressing experience I have known in all my work. Of course, no one was released who could be of the slightest service to the country where he was held prisoner, so we saw the most deplorable specimens of humanity. Day after day they would pour into the little town—complete, hopeless derelicts—dragging themselves up to our canteen, some on improvised crutches; some so diseased that they had to be helped by their more fortunate companions, but all so hopeless, so resigned. Most of them seemed to realize they were complete wrecks, and that no matter what care they were given, they would never be anything but a charge.

"One of the greatest needs at the present time and that in which I am intensely interested is the relief of the blind. While the condition of the thousands who have been blinded in the war seems pretty bad it is not nearly so depressing as some other relief work among the war sufferers, for they are so cheerful and their sense of touch becomes so acute that they make remarkable progress in learning trades. But the interest in them should not stop when they have learned some particular occupation, for there are many long hours when they cannot work. The only diversion they have is reading, of which they are immoderately fond."

The Blind Eager To Read
The Braille system for the blind is the one I have been most interested in, for they seem to learn it so quickly. It is a combination of dot indentations which are first made on heavy paper and are then printed. They can easily be felt by the sensitive fingers of the blind, and very soon they can read with surprising rapidity. While the indentations can be made more accurately on a typewriter which is made for this purpose, the work can be done by hand with a small plate and a punch designed especially, and these can be used at odd moments in care or at the theater. Whenever it is possible I carry my outfit with me, in fact this practice has become quite as popular in Sweden as knitting.

"The demand for these books is so great that we cannot begin to supply them. You see, they wear out much quicker than the ordinary book, for the impressions are soon pressed down, so it is very necessary that every one take up the work. While I am here I mean to get in touch with some of the Committees for the relief of the blind and take back new ideas which have been improved upon here."

"Of course, when we entered the war I gave up the work I had been doing in the interest of the countries which became our enemies. The Crown Princess, who has always devoted herself to charitable work, relieved me of these duties and has since acted as Chairman of the committees. She is beloved by every one and has been most successful in raising large sums for the war sufferers."

"Sweden soon began to feel the pinch of the embargo placed on so many articles by the United States. Prices began to soar, the Government instituted food rationing by cards and now everything must be obtained by ticket. The sums paid for the bare necessities are most appalling, and any number of articles are no longer to be had. Just before my departure it was said that no more fats could be used for a certain period at least. Tea, potatoes, onions and other foods that are so largely depended on were sold at prices unheard of here."

Morose Under Lightless Nights

"Naturally this has made the condition of the poor most distressing, so from the war work I centered my efforts on relieving the unfortunate people in Stockholm and some of the neighboring towns. I was associated with the Crown Princess in this work and we were able to raise funds to supply food for the poorer classes, but the most perplexing problem for us was the question of lights. There is no electricity nor gas in the sections of Stockholm where the poor people live and soon the supply of petrol and kerosene was exhausted. We were able to get candles for a time but now the people with very exceptions, must remain in total darkness. The only light they have is at the picture shows, so they flock there, spending the money which should be saved for food. My seamstress told me that she was obliged to send her family to bed hours before their usual time because they had no light to sit by. Every effort is being made to help this situation, for the people are becoming very morose under the existing circumstances."

Provision Prices in Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkong market as compiled on April 16, 1918.

Butcher's Meat	
Beef	per lb. 14-20
Mutton	" 16-20
Pork	" 25-30
Veal	" 25-30
Fish	
Bream	per lb. 12-14
Cod	" 12-14
Mandarin	" 30-40
Mackerel	" 12-14
Pomfret	" 30-40
Salmon	" none
Samol	" none
Soles	" 14-16
Whitebait	" 12-14

Game, Poultry and Eggs	
Deer	each none
Duck	" 50-80
Eggs	per doz. 15-17
Fowl	per lb. 18-20
Geese	each 90-1.00
Hare	" none
Partridge	" none
Pheasant	" none
Pigeons	" 20-25
Plover	" 8-10
Quail	each 18-20
Snipe	" 12-14
Turkey	per lb. 30-35
Teal	each 12-14
Wild Duck	" 35-40
Wild Pigeons	" none
Woodcock	" 40-50
Wild Geese	" none

Fruit	
Appricots	per lb. none
Apple	" 10-18
Bananas	" 5-7
Cherries	" none
Cocoanuts	each 14-18
Chestnuts	per lb. 8-10
Figs	per doz. none
Grapes	per lb. none
Lemons	each 7-8
Lichees	per lb. none
Mangoes	" 15-20
Mangosteens	per doz. none
Melons	each none
Oranges	per lb. 10-15
Peaches	" none
Persimmons	" none
Pineapples	per lb. none
Pineapples	each 25-30
Pineapples	" none
Pears	per lb. 8-10
Strawberries	" none
Walnuts	" 12-14

Vegetables	
Artichokes	per lb. 2-8
Asparagus	per doz. none
Broad Beans	" 12-15
French Beans	" 5-6
Beetroot	per bunch 2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb. 2-10
Cabbage	each 2-10
Carrots	" 2-4
Cauliflower	each 10-15
Celery	per bunch 8-10
Egg Plant	per lb. 6-8
Green Corn	each none
Leeks	per bunch 2-3
Mushrooms	per lb. 30-50
Onions	per lb. 8-10
Parsnips	per bunch 4-5
Potatoes	per pic. \$3.00-3.40
Peas	per pic. 3-10
Radishes	per bunch 1-2
Spinach	per lb. 2-3
Tomatoes	" 15-20
Turnips	per bunch 2-3

Grain and Flour	
Flour American per 50 lbs.	\$5.75
Flour Australia	" \$4.40
Flour Shanghai	" \$2.85
Rice	per 200 lbs. \$7.60

Milk	
Foreign dairies per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	" 17

Fodder	
Barley	per 114 lbs. \$3.05
Brass	" \$2.00

Fuel	
House Coal	per ton Tls. 19.50
Stove Coal	per ton Tls. 21.75
Firewood	per 50 bundles \$1.00

Laundry	
Per 100 articles	\$3.00-4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

MARTIN'S APOLIST PILLS
A French Remedy for all Irritations. These pills of Ladies have a box of Martin's Pills in the home. It is the best of any remedy for the treatment of all diseases of the female system. These pills are recommended by the most eminent medical authorities. All Chemists and Druggists sell them. Write for full particulars. MARTIN, CHAMBERLAIN, NEW YORK, U.S.A.

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Suifu left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Luanyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwan left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Kutuo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.Y.K. s.s.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, April 17, 1918.
Money and Bullion

Gold Dollars Bank's buying rate
@ 106½ = Tls. 92.90
@ 73 = Mex. \$128.63

Mex. Dollars Market rate: 72.7
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 272
Bar Silver: 280
Copper Cash: per tael 1805

Governments:
Buying rate @ 4/51d. = Tls. 4.51
exch. @ 73 = Mex. \$6.17

Peking Bar: 280
Native Interest: .02

Latest London Quotations
Bar Silver: 471d.
Bank Rate of Discount: 5%
Market rate of discount: —

Exchange Opening Quotations
London: T.T. 4/51
India: Demand 4/51
Paris: Demand 607
New York: Demand 1051
Hongkong: Demand 106
Japan: Demand 106
Batavia: Demand 106

Bank's Buying Rates
London: 4 m/s. Cds. 4/71d.
London: 4 m/s. Docy. 4/71d.
London: 6 m/s. Cds. 4/71d.
London: 6 m/s. Docy. 4/71d.
Paris: 4 m/s. Cds. 634
New York: 4 m/s. Docy. 1101

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE
RATES FOR APRIL

Hk. Tls. 413 @ 4/44
" 1 @ 593
" 1 @ 50
" 1 @ 15
" 1 @ 150

Francs 6.61
Gold 31
Yen 2.28
Rupees 2.44
Roubles 1.50
Mex. \$1.50

Sharebrokers' Association

Shanghai, April 17, 1918.
BUSINESS DONE

Unofficial
Orientals @ Tls. 46.00 cash

CONSOLIDATED RUBBER ESTATES
(1914), LIMITED

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

Notice is hereby given that the Fourth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at No. 27 Nanking Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 25th day of April, 1918, at 4.30 p.m. for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to the 31st December, 1917.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 16th, to Thursday, 25th April, 1918, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
CHINA REALTY COMPANY, LIMITED.
Secretaries & General Managers.
17500

China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

We issue Policies in Sterling
Take advantage of the Exchange.

Telephone to us, Central
2601, or write to the Head Office,
10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

"BICKERTON'S" PRIVATE HOTEL

75, 74 and 76 Bubbling Well Road.
Seven minutes from Bund by tram.
Strictly first-class cuisine under the personal supervision of the proprietress. Separate baths, hot and cold water, electric light. Tel. W. 1271.

British-America Assurance Co.

Telephone No. 98
The undersigned, as agents for the above company, are prepared to grant policies against Fire on Foreign and Native Risk at Current Rates.

FRAZAR & CO.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS
SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	\$575 B.
Chartered	271
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 320 B.
North China	Tls. 125 B.
Union of Canton	Tls. 730 B.
Yangtze	Tls. 225 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co. Ltd.	Tls. 20 1/4 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	\$133 B.
Hongkong Fire	Tls. 300 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 108
Indo-China Def.	1200 B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 25 S.
Shanghai Tug (t)	Tls. 40
Mining	
Kalping	Tls. 9 1/4 B.
Oriental Cons.	Tls. 64
Philippine	Tls. 0.90
Raub.	Tls. 2.85 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	Tls. 122 1/4 B.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 106 B.
New Eng. Works	Tls. 18 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 70 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 85 B.
Land and Hotels	
Anglo French Land	Tls. 69 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 65 B.
Weihsaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	Tls. 10 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cottons Mills	
E-w.	Tls. 174
E-w. Pref.	Tls. 97 1/2
International	Tls. 167 1/2
International (pref.)	Tls. 62 1/2
Lau-kung-mow	Tls. 97 1/2 B.
Oriental	Tls. 46 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 140
Kung Yik	Tls. 16 1/4 S.
Yangtzepoo	Tls. 9.15
Yangtzepoo Pref.	Tls. 95
Industrials	
Butler Tle	Tls. 23
China Sugar	Tls. 80 B.
Green Island	Tls. 6.90 B.
Langkats	Tls. 16 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 70 B.
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	Tls. 15 B.
Llewellyn	\$30
Lane, Crawford	\$100
Moutrie	\$35
Watson	Tls. 5 1/4 B.
Weeks	Tls. 13 1/2 B.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 9 1/4
Amberst	Tls. 1
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7 1/2 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3.90 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 26
Batu Anam	Tls. 0.90
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 3
Bute	Tls. 1
Chemor United	Tls. 1 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 9
Cheng	Tls. 2.10
Consolidated	Tls. 2.35 B.
Dominion	Tls. 9
Gula Kalumpung	Tls. 6.20 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 16 1/2
Kamunting	Tls. 5 1/2
Kapala	Tls. 0.50
Kapayang	Tls. 27 1/2
Karan	Tls. 11
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 12 1/2 B.
Padang	Tls. 12 1/2 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 5 B.
Permata	Tls. 2 1/2
Repah	Tls. 0.92 1/2
Samagaga	Tls. 0.80 B.
Seekee	Tls. 6
Semambu	Tls. 1 B.
Senawang	Tls. 12
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.70
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 7
Shai Malay-pref.	Tls. 10.70
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1.30 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1.50
Sungel Duri	Tls. 9
Sua Manggis	Tls. 5
Shai Kalantan	Tls. 0.75
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.50 B.
Taipung	Tls. 1 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.90 B.
Tebong	Tls. 16 1/4 B.
Ulobri	Tls. 2 1/2
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 1/4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 140 B.
Cully Dairy	Tls. 7
Shai Elec. and Ash	\$2
Shanghai Tram	Tls. 67
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30
Shai Telephone	Tls. 79
Shai Waterworks	Tls. 165 B.

S. Sellers. Sa. Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. 398

Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Exchange Market

Messrs. Maitland and Pearson write as follows in their report for week ending April 17:—
Exchange:—The London price of silver at 47 1/4 d. is 2d. higher than last week. The rise is due to the Indian Council raising the value of the Rupee to 1/6d. From this action

It is understood that the bill to be presented to the U. S. Senate regarding the release of silver \$250,000,000 (about Oz. 210,000,000 London Standard) from their reserve against silver certificates outstanding—with a view to placing it at the disposal of the Indian Council to cover the rupee note issue, is expected to pass. From information to hand the bill is also to provide for the issue of G. \$1. and G. \$2. Gold certificates to the extent of the silver thus disposed of. The price at which the transaction is to take place is reported as G. \$1 per oz. pure silver and the bill further provides that a like amount of silver shall be contracted for from producers of silver at this rate. It is not known whether this contract will cover only American producers of silver, nor is there any news regarding the "time limit" for the taking up of the amount contracted for. The price fixed will probably maintain silver prices for a time, but if the "time limit" is a long one and the contract confined to American producers only it follows that there will be a good deal of silver to be placed on the open market, while supplies for coinage will have been provided for, for a very long time to come.

Our local rate for T/T on London at 4/5 1/4 d. is 1 1/4 d. higher than last week, at the close, the local Gold Dealers have been sellers of T/T on London at 4/6, but there is no cover in the form of export paper and unless this comes our market will be disinclined to follow any further rise in silver. The stock of Sycee and Bar Silver at Tls. 31,500,000 is Tls. 500,000 higher than last week. The stock of Mexican and Chinese Dollars at \$17,100,000 is slightly up.

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, April 17, 1918.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official
Anglo-Dutch Tls. 4.00
Chemors Tls. 1.02 1/2
Consolidated Tls. 2.35
Gulas "L" Tls. 6.20
S.M.C. 5 1/2 debs. 1915 @ Tls. 75.00
H'kong & S'hai Banks \$580.00

Unofficial
S.M.C. 6% debs. 1904 @ Tls. 93.00
Anglo-French Lands 6% debs. 1911 @ Tls. 87.00
Far Eastern Insurance Tls. 21.00
Telephones Tls. 75.00
Shanghai Lands Tls. 68.00
Shanghai Gas Tls. 21.50 XD.
Tanah Merah Tls. 0.90
H'kong & S'hai Banks \$580.00

Amusements

SHOWING

at the
Olympic Theatre

on
April 18th, 19th, 21st & 22nd

and
MATINEE Saturday, 20th
at 4 P.M.

The Colossal Film

"THE BUILDING
of the

BRITISH EMPIRE"

Prices \$1.50 and \$1.00

VICTORIA THEATRE

PROGRAMME

For April 17th and 18th

SHOWING

A PICTURISATION OF THE

CELEBRATED NOVEL AND PLAY

"BELLA DONNA"

A Famous Players Production

IN FIVE PARTS
and
OTHER NEW FILMS

Cotton Market

Messrs. J. Spunt and Co. write as follows in their report for week ending April 18:—
China Cotton.—At the time of writing considerable depression prevails in Cotton circles due to the heavy decline in American market owing to reported governmental regulation of prices of the staple and under such circumstances it would be beyond our province to give any forecast until matters simmer down and actual facts are before us, meanwhile the market will naturally be very nervous pending readjustment of the situation. As it may interest some of our clients we herewith quote one of our Liverpool correspondents about the situation and the arguments by Bulls and Bears are given as follows:—

Bulls.—(argument in favor of an advance).
1.—The great demand when all the world is at work again.
2.—The small stocks of manufactured goods.
3.—The tendency to increase the use of Cotton goods.
4.—The demand for foodstuffs and consequent reduction in Cotton acreage.

Bears.—(arguments in favor of a decline).
1.—The general deflation of prices, shared by Cotton.
2.—The shortage of operatives.
3.—The deterioration of plant.
4.—The Cancellation of Government orders throwing many sellers on the market.
5.—The return to finer counts.
6.—The continued dislocation of business channels.
Liverpool:—
Egyptian Cotton, F. G. F. Sakellariadis 31.13
Price of Fine M. C. Bengal 13.72
Price of Good-Americans last 24.91
reported 25.49
Tone of market, Steady.
New York Market:—
Price of Mid-American. July 28.60
Market Firm.
Indian Market:—
Branch 725 per Candy.
Market Quiet.

Rubber Outputs

	Feb.	March
Alma	25,500	22,800
Amherst	2,819	3,353
Anglo-Dutch	67,250	82,500
Anglo-Java	153,000	187,000
Ayer Tawah	23,800	22,000
Batu Anam	28,374	28,527
Bukit Toh Alang	12,746	10,338
Bute	17,583	10,613
Chempedak	—	6,300
Chemor	20,314	15,126
Cheng	15,370	14,030
Consolidated	48,728	49,314
Dominion	44,770	36,109
Gula Kalumpung	—	62,400
Shipped to London	—	48,160
Java Consolidated	67,000	78,000
Kamunting	19,698	15,588
Kapala	11,721	7,752
Kapayang	—	—
Karan	9,691	6,070
Kota Bahroe	37,681	33,801
Kroewoek	40,000	47,000
Langkat	64,034	70,181
Padang	21,750	20,000
Permata	—	—
Pengkalan	10,930	9,473
Repah	10,500	9,500
Samagaga	17,000	10,000
Semambu	16,388	12,713
See Kee	—	—
Senawang	29,573	25,126
Shanghai-Malay	—	—
Shanghai-Klebang	13,230	9,952
Shanghai-Kelantan	15,850	14,500
Shanghai-Soremaban	9,376	7,570
Shanghai-Pahang	13,543	15,797
Shanghai-Sumatra	59,260	60,510
Sua Manggis	—	—
Sungala	7,449	6,535
Sungel Duri	20,660	16,928
Taipung	11,502	10,759
Tanah Merah	34,700	30,000
Tebong	—	56,000
Ulobri	4,698	4,006
Ziangbe	68,000	78,000

AMUSEMENTS

GRAND CONCERT
APOLLO THEATRE

Friday, 19th April
at 9 p.m.

By "the most famous Singer of
Russian Folk & Gipsy Songs

MARIA KARINSKAIYA

"and the brilliant young Pianist

Leo Podolsky

Booking at

Messrs. Robinson Piano Company, Ltd.

Prices \$3 and \$1.

Direction: A. STROK.



ISIS THEATRE

CORNER OF JUKONG & NORTH SZECHUEN ROADS (ABOUT 150 YARDS FROM RANGE ROAD)

WE HAVE ARRANGED WITH "CHARLIE CHAPLIN"

The millionaire fun producer, to make you happy and we guarantee you Tonight an evening of continuous laughter

— SEE —
TONIGHT TONIGHT
The Funniest of the
CHAPLIN FILMS

MATINEES

ON

SATURDAY

at 3.30 p.m.

&

SUNDAY

at 3 p.m.

"BEHIND THE SCREEN" 2 PARTS
"THE FIREMAN"
2 PARTS
"THE IMMIGRANT"
2 PARTS



Box Seat \$1.00. Dress Circle \$0.80. Stalls \$0.60 & 0.40 | On Monday, 22nd inst., "The Voice on the Wire"

AMUSEMENTS



THE ELDORADO

3 JUKONG ROAD

By Special Request of Our Patrons, we have decided to hold another

Masquerade Ball

On Saturday, April 20th, 1918

Three Handsome Prizes!

One for the Best Costume! Two for the Best Dancing Couple!

(COMPETITION: WALTZ)

50% of the value of tickets sold to be given to the Allied Red Cross Funds

TICKETS \$2.00 EACH

Prof. Martinez' Orchestra

Commencing 10 p.m.

TONIGHT

TONIGHT

Harmston's Circus and Royal Menagerie

LOCATION: CHANG SU-HO'S GARDENS

HARMSTON'S

The Apex, The Crux, The Acme, The Alpha and Omega of all that stand for perfection in the Circus World.

See our Beautiful Arab Stallions and Performing Ponies.

Our Menagerie consists of

Elephants, Lions, Tigers, Bears, Leopards, Hyenas, Emu, Zebra, Wallaby, Baboons, Monkeys, Dogs, etc.

Matinees Next Saturday and Sunday Afternoons.

Doors open 3. Commence 4 p.m. Children half price at the Matinees only.

Notice: Special tram cars will run from Corner of Carter Road after every performance. Popular Prices of Admission:

Full Box, Six Seats \$15.00
Single Seat, Box 3.00
First Chairs 2.00
Second Chairs 1.50
Stalls 1.00
Gallery 0.50

Soldiers and Sailors in uniform, Half Price to the \$1.00 & \$1.50 seats.

BOOKING AT ROBINSON PIANO CO., DAILY

W. Harmston. C. M. Bruce. R. Alton & W. Symons.
Proprietor. Band Master. Agents
17500

Olympic Theatre

Saturday, April 20th, 1918

FIFTH HISTORICAL CONCERT

BY

A. MIROVITCH
CHOPIN RECITAL

PART I.

1. Fantasia F minor
2. 3 Preludes
17—A flat major
19—E flat major
24—D minor
3. (a) Nocturne B major
(b) 3 Mazurkas
(c) Valse E minor
(d) Polonaise E flat minor
4. Ballade G minor

PART II.

5. (a) Six Studies: op. 10 Nos. 3, 7, 11. op. 25 Nos. 7, 9, op. 10 No. 5.
(b) Berceuse.
(c) Scherzo C Sharp Minor.
(d) Sonate B-flat Minor, grave dopio movimento,
Scherzo, Marcia Funebre, Finale.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S

Direction: A. STROK.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,300,000

Head Office:
25 Abchurch Lane, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Mr. Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Mr. Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
Mr. Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster Bank Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland Limited.

Agencies and Branches:
Amritsar, Delhi, Ferozepore, Hongkong, Kanton, Kowloon, Lyons, Shanghai, Singapore, Siam, Tientsin, Yokohama.
Branches: Amritsar, Delhi, Ferozepore, Hongkong, Kanton, Kowloon, Lyons, Shanghai, Singapore, Siam, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.
Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Traveling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART, Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital Frs. 40,000,000.00
Reserves Frs. 40,000,000.00

Successors of Agencies:
Bangkok, Hanoi, Saigon, Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Mengtze, Singapore, Djibouti, Noumea, Tientsin, Pondichery, Peking, Tourane, Haiphong, Papeete, Hankow, Foom-Penh.

Branches:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Pays-Bas; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital Frs. 50,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches: at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President: JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. 15,000,000
Silver 19,500,000
Total \$34,500,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Chairman
G. T. M. Edkins Esq. Deputy Chairman.
F. C. Butcher, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
S. H. Dodwell Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong-N. J. STARR.

Branches and Agencies:
Amoy, Ipoh, Peking, Bangkok, Johore, Penang, Batavia, Kobe, Rangoon, Bombay, Kuala Lumpur, Saigon, Calcutta, London, S. Francisco, Canton, Lyons, Shanghai, Colombo, Malacca, Singapore, Fochow, Manila, Sourabaya, Hankow, Nagasaki, Tientsin, Harbin, New York, Tsingtao, Hilo, Yokohama.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN, Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) 55,000,000
Reserve Fund 26,000,000
Kp. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,750,000

Head Office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Branches:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Far Eastern Branches and Agencies:
Bombay, Harbin, Peking, Chanchun, Hongkong, Shanghai, Chefoo, Newchwang, Tientsin, Dairen, Nicolayowsk, Vladivostok, Hailan, O-Amur, Yokohama, Hankow.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.
Safe Deposit Boxes.
L. JEZERSKI, G. CARRERE, Managers for China, Japan and India.

The Bank of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912.
Authorized Capital H.\$2,000,000
Subscribed and paid up Capital H.\$1,352,950.00
Reserve Fund H.\$1,240,000.00
Investment reserve fund H.\$ 40,000

Head Office:
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office:
No. 2 Ningpo Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG, Asst. Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorized by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital \$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital 12,379,500.00
Reserve Fund \$1,398,552.66
Special Reserve Fund \$1,985,932.68

Head Office: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Tientsin, Kaifeng, Hankow, Changchun, Wuhu, Ichang, Antung, Anking, Changsha, Dairen, Hongchow, Kiukiang, Moukden, Ningpo, Foochow, Newchwang, Nanking, Chefoo, Amoy, Harbin, Hsuechow, Canton, Tainan, Soochow, Hongkong, Chefoo, Wusieh, Swatow, Tientsin, Yangchow, Chungking.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum; on Dollar Current Accounts at 3 per cent per annum, and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:
For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN CHANG, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital France 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i.e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC.
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President Andre Berthelot.

General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office: 74, Rue St. Lazare, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Saigon and Hongkong.

Branches:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local currency and Fixed Deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Savings accounts in Gold and Local currency.

G. LION, Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed Yen 45,000,000
Capital Paid-up 40,000,000
Reserve Fund 25,100,000

London Bankers:

The London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Bombay, Los Angeles, Seattle, Calcutta, Lyons, Shanghai, Changchun, Manila, Shimonasaki, Dairen, Mukden, Singapore, Hankow, Nagasaki, Sourabaya, Harbin, Newchwang, Sydney, Hongkong, New York, Tientsin, Honolulu, Osaka, Tokyo, Kalyuen, Peking, Tientsin, Kobe, Rangoon, Tientsin, London, S. Francisco.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.
Paid-Up Capital \$ 300,000.00
Reserve \$ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1917) \$2,067,768.24

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a specialty.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Current accounts in both taels and dollars with interest may be opened on application.

Particulars interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollars, will be furnished on request.
K. P. CHEN, General Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus U.S. \$6,500,000.00
Undivided Profits U.S. \$1,348,000.00
U.S. \$7,848,000.00

Head Office:
55 Wall Street, New York
National City Bank Building.

London Office:
26 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches:
Batavia, Kobe, San Francisco, Bombay, London, Santo Domingo, Calcutta, Manila, Santiago de los Caballeros, Canton, Medellin, Shanghai, Cebu, Panama, Hongkong, Colon, Peking, Singapore, Hankow, San Pedro de Yokohama, Hongkong, Macao.

Through its close affiliation with the NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special services of the Branches of that institution established at:
Bahia, Petrograd, Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Caracas, Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo, Moscow, Russia, Valparaiso, Montevideo.

The Corporation issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT on terms which may be ascertained on application, and transacts all other descriptions of Banking and Exchange business.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.

1a Kiukiang Road, Shanghai.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NEDERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—
Gulden 50,000,000 (about £5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—
Gulden 11,595,461 (about £966,288)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.

Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland: THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:
Bandjermasin, Padang, Soerakarta, Bandoeng, Palembang, Teluk-Tinggi, Cheribon, Pekalongan, Tegal, Djokjarta, Pontianak, Tjilatjap, Hongkong, Rangoon, Weltevreden, Kota-Radja, Semarang, Langsa, Singapore, Makassar, Soerabaya, Medan.

London Bankers:

Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG, Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.
Not more than \$1,000 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.
Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed Deposits: For 3 months at 3 per cent per annum. For 6 months at 4 per cent per annum. On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

Shanghai Branch
441, Ningpo Road
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities.
Y. R. SUN, Manager.
P. R. HAN, Sub-Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd

Authorized Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 543,500
Reserve Fund 650,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.

London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
Branches & Agencies:
Bombay, Howrah, Madras, Calcutta, Karachi, Penang, Colombo, Rangoon, Port Louis, Delhi, Kota Bharu (Mauritius), Galle (Kelantan), Rangoon, Hongkong, Kuala Lumpur, Shanghai, Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

R. D. YOUNG, Manager.

26 The Bund.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorized by Presidential Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Paid-Up Capital: Keping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

50 Branches and Agencies at principal commercial places in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Sechoon Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts. Credit granted on approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager.
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.



SHANGHAI BRANCH.
No. 1 Kiukiang Road

Capital Yen 30,000,000
Capital (Paid-Up) Yen 18,750,000
Reserve Yen 2,800,000
Deposits Yen 150,000,000

President, Baron K. Sumitomo

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Niigata, Hiroshima, Yana, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Kukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Bankers:

LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED
New York Banker:

NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General Foreign Exchange Business, Travelers' and Commercial Letters of Credit. Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASHARA, Manager.

Telephones:—
2318 Manager. 4683 Comptroller
2350 Gen. Office. 4621 Nights only.
3339 General Office.

行銀字中
Chung Foo Union Bank

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916

Head Office: Tientsin

Capital \$2,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital \$1,000,000.00

Managing Director: SUN TAO SAN

Branches and Agencies:
Tientsin, Chinkiang, Shanghai, Soochow, Peking, Wusieh, Hankow, Hangchow, Nanking, Ningpo, Yangchow, Shaohsing, Hsuehlo, Canton, Pengpu, Hongkong, Tsingkanpu.

Shanghai Branch
441, Ningpo Road

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
P. R. HAN, Sub-Manager.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1918

Date and Destination	Per	Chl.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today							
River Ports	Train & Str.	31.00	..	..	..	2.0	7.0
Foochow	Koboku maru	8.00	..	..	..	7.80	8.80
Keelung via Foochow	do	..	..	..	..	17.0	..
Peking and Tientsin (Every day)	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin (Daily except Sunday)	..	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow .. .. .	..	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Ningpo .. .. .	..	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tomorrow							
Japan and U.S.A. via Moji ..	Omi maru	..	..	..	..	19.80	19.80
Japan ports	Penza	18.30	..	..	..	18.0	18.0
Japan Ports	Omi maru	18.30	..	..	..	17.00	17.00
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & E'ope via U.S.A.	..	..	17.00	..	..	17.00	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	21.00	21.00
Nagasaki and Vladivostok ..	..	..	14.00	..	..	13.00	13.00
Japan & America v. Nagasaki	Penza	..	..	..	..	15.80	15.80
Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe maru	15.00	..	..	..	14.80	14.80
Tsingtao, Manchuria & Dairen	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Saturday, April 20.							
Swatow and Hongkong .. ..	..	..	17.00	..	..	17.00	17.00
Manila .. .. .	..	..	17.00	..	..	17.00	17.00
Monday April 22							
Russia via Siberia (Express) ..	Via Pakow	21.00	17.00	..	..	20.30	20.30
Japan & America via Nagasaki	..	..	17.00	..	..	17.00	17.00
Japan Ports	Kasuga maru	20.00	17.00	..	..	7.00	7.00
Hongkong and Canton	Sunning	21.00	..	..	..	21.00	21.00
Tuesday, April 23.							
Japan & America via Nagasaki	Kasuga maru	..	17.00	..	..	20.20	20.20
Japan Ports .. .. .	..	..	13.30	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, April 24.							
Japan & America via Moji	Chikuzen maru	21.00	17.00	..	..	20.30	20.30
Russia via Siberia (P. Train)	Via Pakow	..	..	..	..	..	..

A	Letters and boxes with declared value 8.30 a.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and Money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.	E	Letters and boxes with declared value 1 p.m. Parcel post 12.30 p.m. and Money orders 12 noon.
B	Letters and Boxes with declared value 8 p.m. on previous day. Parcel post 4 p.m. and Money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.	F	Letters and Boxes with declared value 8 a.m. Parcel post 3 p.m. and Money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.
C	Letters and Boxes with declared value 7.30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and Money orders 3 p.m.	H	Letters and boxes with declared value 3.30 p.m. Parcel post and Money orders 3 p.m.
D	Letters and Boxes with declared value 3.30 p.m. Parcel post 4		

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. and 9 p.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and 8.30 p.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 p.m. Registration at 5 p.m. at the Russian Post Office.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Apr 27	..	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P. M. & S. Co.
.. 29	..	Seattle etc.	Katori-maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 30	..	San Francisco	Shinyo maru	Jap.	Alexander
May 4	..	Takawa & Seattle	Manila maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
.. 19	..	Seattle etc.	Suma maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 27	..	San Francisco	Korea maru	Jap.	Alexander

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Apr 19	..	Nagasaki	Pensa	Rus.	R.V.F.
.. 20	..	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 22	..	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 24	..	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Chikusan maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 26	..	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Onikago maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 27	..	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May 3	..	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Kaga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 4	..	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Yamada maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Liverpool etc.	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
London etc.	Kaga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Apr 18	4.00	Ningbo	Kiangtzen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 18	10.50	Foochow, Keelung	Kohoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
.. 18	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 19	4.00	Ningbo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
.. 21	D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Sunkiang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 21	..	Takao via F'chow & Keelung	Keelung maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
.. 22	..	Hongkong & Manila	Suma maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 23	D.L.	Hongkong and Canton	Sunkiang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 25	..	H. ...	Chicago maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
May 2	..	Takao via F'chow & Keelung	Suma maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Apr 18	D.L.	Newchwang and Antung	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
.. 19	..	Vladivostok	Pensa	Rus.	R.V.F.
.. 20	3.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
.. 22	3.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Sunkiang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 27	10.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
.. 30	3.00	Weihaiwei, Chefoo & Tientsin	Kentia	Br.	B. & S.
May 2	..	Tientsin Daisy via Tientsin	Kohoku maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
.. 8	..	Tientsin, Tientsin & Daisy	Keelung maru	Jap.	O.S.K.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Apr 18	M.N.	Hankow etc.	Luenbo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
.. 19	M.N.	do	Kiangshin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 19	M.N.	do	Luoyi	Br.	B. & S.
.. 19	M.N.	do	Taifoo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 20	M.N.	do	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
.. 20	M.N.	do	Kanyang maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 24	M.N.	do	Taifoo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 25	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
.. 26	M.N.	do	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Luoyi	Br.	B. & S.
.. 27	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Apr 17	Ningbo	Hsin Peking	3888	Br.	B. & S.	CNCW
.. 17	Ningbo	Hsin Ningshao	3113	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.	NSCW
.. 17	Vladivostok	Pensa	3670	Rus.	R.V.F.	9 p
.. 17	Hankow	Luenbo	1520	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
.. 17	Japan	Omi maru	3222	Jap.	N.Y.K.	WSW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Apr 17	Hankow etc.	Poyang	1892	Br.	B. & S.
.. 17	..	Siangyang maru	2225	Jap.	N.Y.K.
.. 17	..	Taifoo	1468	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
.. 17	Wuhu	Tamsai	219	Br.	B. & S.
.. 17	Ningbo	Hsin Peking	3888	Br.	B. & S.
.. 17	Ningbo	Hsin Ningshao	3113	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Luenbo, tons 2,544 Captain Jackson, will leave on Thursday, April 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangshin, Captain J. McArthur, will leave on Thursday, April 15, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. Suwo, tons 2,471 Captain Sellar, will leave on Friday, April 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co's Str. Tafoo Maru, Captain S. Hosokawa, will be despatched from Pootung N.Y.K. wharf on Friday, April 16, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Luany, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, April 16, at about 12 o'clock

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungting, Capt. Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, April 22, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Telephone No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chungking, Captain Meathrel, will leave on Friday, April 23, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. N. 77.

For Southern Ports

AMOI, HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang, Captain Wavell, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Thursday, April 15, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Steamer Kohoku Maru Capt. S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo wharf on April 18, at 10.30 a.m. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at 9 a.m. on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234, 4235.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Hsin Peking, Capt. A. Scott, R.N.R. will leave from the French Bund on Friday, April 16, at 4.30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW and HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Sunkiang, Capt. H. Trowbridge, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, April 21, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW and KEELUNG.—The Str. Keelung Maru, Capt. S. Imal, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo wharf on April 21, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning, Captain W. L. Jones, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, April 20, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. Chicago Maru, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo wharf on April 26, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Northern Ports

ANTUNG & CHEFOO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Wenchow, Captain A. McDowell, will leave on Thursday, April 15, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungchow Capt. Bennett, will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, April 20, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shuntien, Capt. Northcombe, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, April 20, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN, DAIREN and TSINGTAO.—The Str. Kohoku Maru, Capt. S. Ohba, will be despatched from the Co's Yangtzepoo wharf on May 2, at —. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nishin Kisen Kaisha at — on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 and 4235.

For Foreign Ports

TAKOMA & SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha Steamer Manila Maru, Captain N. Kobayashi, will be despatched on Saturday, May 4. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at — on same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to The Osaka Shosen Kaisha, No. 4 The Bund. Telephone No. 4234 and 4235.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.

FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG, and HANKOW.—S.S. Luany, Ngankin, Poyang, Tungting, Tungting, and Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtze and Hunan Lake.

*The S.S. Wuchang and Chungking are especially fitted to handle heavy lifts. Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung, Sunning and Suiyang.—Sailing from the French Bund and connection at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hiohow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Hilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports. Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund. During the winter months sailings are irregular owing to weather conditions.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailings will be suspended by this vessel from the 4th inst. owing to overhaul. S.S. Hsin Peking will resume her run on Wednesday, 20th inst. at 4 p.m. as usual. For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents 21-23 French Bund.
Freight: Telephone No. 77.
Passage: Telephone No. 01.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

"SUNSHINE BELT"

Trans-Pacific Service

By the New, 14,000 Ton, Oil Burning Steamers
"ECUADOR" "VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu	For Hongkong via Manila
S.S. VENEZUELA ... Apr. 27	S.S. ECUADOR ... May 4
S.S. ECUADOR ... May 25	S.S. COLOMBIA ... June 1

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two Bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd., and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

East India Service

By the Modern, Oil Burning Steamers
"COLUSA" ..16,000 tons "SANTA CRUZ" ..15,000 tons

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Colombo via Singapore and Cebu	For San Francisco via Cebu and Honolulu
S.S. SANTA CRUZ ... Apr. 23	S.S. SANTA CRUZ ... June 6
S.S. COLUSA ... June 12	

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information re freighter passage apply to

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile S. S. Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

AMERICAN LINE

For Tacoma and Seattle, Wash.

Via Pacific, calling at Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokkaichi, Yokohama and Victoria, B. C. arr. leave.

"MANILA MARU" ... (18,000 tons) Capt. N. Kobayashi, May 2, May 4

For Hongkong

"CHICAGO MARU" ... (12,000 tons) Capt. T. Saito, Apr. 25, Apr. 26

CHINA COASTING LINE

For Tientsin, Dairen and Tsingtau arr. leave.
"KOHOKU MARU" ... (2,610 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, Apr. 30, May 2

For Tsingtau, Tientsin and Dairen arr. leave.
"KEELUNG MARU" ... (1,569 tons) Capt. S. Imal, May 7, May 9

For Fochow and Keelung
"KOHOKU MARU" ... (2,610 tons) Capt. S. Ohba, Apr. 16, Apr. 18

The Company also run numerous steamers from Japan to South America, Australia, India, China, Korea, Vladivostok, and also between the Principal Ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to:—

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager, OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI. Wels. 4234, 4235.

JAMES MAGILL & Co.

Cargo delivered at any Address in Shanghai.
Furniture and Cables Packed for Shipment by Expert Packers
SHIPPING AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
Telephone 1848 83, Szechuen Road

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED

TRANS PACIFIC LINES

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

The Empress Steamers

On arrival at Victoria are boarded by Canadian Pacific ticket agents and baggage checkers, also Canadian and United States Customs Officers. During the six hours ride, Victoria to Vancouver actual rail tickets can be issued, your baggage inspected or bonded and checked through to destination. On arrival at Vancouver passengers are free to go forward immediately.

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

ON OR ABOUT

For Vancouver via Nagasaki and Yokohama	For Manila and Hongkong
Empress of Russia ... May 11	Empress of Russia ... April 27
Empress of Japan ... May 25	Empress of Japan ... May 14
Empress of Asia ... June 8	Empress of Asia ... May 28
	Empress of Russia ... June 21

† The Empress of Japan proceeds direct to Hongkong, omitting Manila.

Round trip tickets interchangeable with Toyo Kisen Kaisha and Pacific Mail.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc. apply to

G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 18-19 The Bund, Palace Hotel Building.
Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading, quotation of freight rates, etc. apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

SHINYO MARU	22,000 tons, for San Francisco	April 30, 1915
KOREA MARU	20,000 tons, for San Francisco	May 27, 1915
SIBERIA MARU	18,000 tons, for San Francisco	June 11, 1915

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dance, Service and Cuisine unequalled.

REDUCED FIRST CLASS RATES by the steamers Nippon Maru and Persia Maru offering superior accommodation, first-class cuisine and service.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.

No. 4 China Insurance Co.'s Building

(Entrance, 71 Szechuen Road.)

'Phone No. 3229.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

S.S. CHINA

(AMERICAN REGISTRY)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

JUNE 24, SEP. 3

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG

JUNE 11, AUG. 22

(On the outward voyage the steamer will come up the river and will be berthed at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co's Hongkew Wharf. Entrance at No. 34 Broadway.)

G. J. PETROCELLI, FRT. AND PASS. AGENT

NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.

PHONE 4773.

4TH FLOOR

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

Business and Official Notices

Peking Union Medical College Premedical School

Announcements for the Academic Year 1918-19.

Curriculum: The Premedical School offers a three year course in the fundamental subjects which are prerequisites to the study of medicine. The curriculum includes courses in mathematics, physics, chemistry, biology, English, Chinese and German. The work in the second and third years is of the grade required in the first two years of the best American Universities. Student who completes the work of the Premedical School satisfactorily will be admitted to the first year of the Medical School without examination.

Medium of Instruction: All courses except those in Chinese language and literature are conducted in English.

Entrance Requirements: Admission to the Premedical School is by examination. To be eligible for the entrance examinations, a candidate must be a graduate of an approved Middle School, and must possess a good working knowledge of English, both oral and written.

Advanced Standing: Admission with advanced standing will be granted to candidates who present suitable credentials showing the completion of one or more years of work of collegiate grade and who pass satisfactory examinations in the subjects for which credit is desired.

Examinations: Examinations for entrance and for advanced standing will be held at Peking, Shanghai and Canton, June 18 to 22, and August 27 to 31, 1918.

Calendar: The first semester opens Tuesday, September 17, 1918, and closes January 31, 1919. The second semester opens February 11, 1919 and closes June 20, 1919. The work of the Medical School will open in September, 1919.

Applications for admission to the entrance examinations and requests for further information should be addressed to

The Dean of the Premedical School,
Peking Union Medical College,
Peking, China.

17597

In The Local Prize Court At Shanghai

Whereas a report has been submitted to this Court by the Officer in command of the warship "HAI CHIEW" of the Republican Navy regarding the capture of the S.S. "SILESIA". Whereas a judge has been appointed to take charge of the matter to investigate the facts and circumstances concerning the said ship, to make report thereupon and hand such report together with all the papers and documents in the case to the Procurator with a view to proper actions being taken thereon: And Whereas the Procurator has submitted to this Court an opinion in favor of the condemnation of the said ship as a lawful prize. NOW IT IS HEREBY ORDERED under the Prize Court Rules Article 19 subsection (1) and (2) that public notice by advertisement be given for the information of all parties interested in the said ship. TAKE THEREFORE NOTICE that if any person desires to set up any claim in respect of the action to be taken against the said ship, the same shall within thirty clear days from the date (not later than the EIGHTEENTH day of the FIFTH month in the Seventh year of the Chinese Republic) file with this Court a Petition in the form prescribed by this Court, in the absence of which judgment will be given by default.

Dated this EIGHTEENTH day of the FOURTH month in the Seventh year of the Chinese Republic.

By Order
CHANG TING
Clerk-in-Charge.

DRINK:- M. J. B. Coffee WHY?

Because each can is guaranteed

17490.

Royal Asiatic Society NORTH CHINA BRANCH.

A MEETING of the Society will be held in the Lecture Hall, 5 Museum Road, TODAY, April 18th, at 5.30 p.m., when a Paper will be read by

Rev. EVAN MORGAN
on
"A CASE OF RITUALISM."

The Meeting is open to the Public.

ISAAC MASON,
Hon. Secretary.

17579

North China Insurance Co., Ltd. Notice to Shareholders.

An Interim Dividend for the year 1917, at the rate of Fifteen per cent upon the Paid-up Capital has been declared.

Warrants for 15s. per share, payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation at Ex. 4/5 1/4 per Tael will be issued on 1st May. The Transfer Books will be closed from 23rd April to 1st May both days inclusive.

By order of the
Court of Directors,
H. G. SIMMS,
Secretary & General Manager.
Shanghai, 18th April, 1918.

17596

Important Notice

In response to numerous requests from local and interior residents

HILL'S BAZAAR WILL
CONTINUE UNTIL THE
END OF THIS MONTH.

HILL'S BAZAAR
119 Szechuen Road.

LOST

LOST: Sparkis Acrated Water Factory, Ltd., certificate dated April 7th, 1916, No. 36 calling for one share distinctive, number 95, in favor of Mr. C. P. Simoes.

The Public are hereby notified that the same has been cancelled and a new one issued instead.

By order of the Board,
THE EASTERN SYNDICATE,
General Managers & Secretaries.

17595

Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai

AVIS AU PUBLIC

Le Public est informé qu'à partir du 15 Avril, les dénominations des Postes de Police la Concession Française sont établies comme suit: Le Poste situé quartier de l'Est continuera à s'appeler Poste de l'Est; Le Poste Central actuel, situé Avenue Edouard VII, s'appellera Poste Nord; Le Poste, situé Avenue Joffre, s'appellera Poste Joffre; Le Poste, situé Route Pottier, continuera à s'appeler Poste Pottier; Le nouveau Poste, situé Rue Stanislas Chevalier, deviendra Poste Central.

A ce dernier Poste seront transférés à la même date tous les Services (Bureaux du Chef de la Garde, Chef-Adjoint, Chef de la Sûreté, licences automobiles, etc.) installés jusqu'ici dans les locaux de l'Avenue Edouard VII.

Par ordre,
Le Secrétaire du Conseil,
Signé: G. LAFERRIERE.

Municipal Council of the French Concession, Shanghai

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

The Public is informed that beginning with April 15 the names of the police stations in the French Concession will be designated as follows:

The station situated in the Eastern district will continue to be called the East Station.

The present Central station, situated on Avenue Edouard VII, will be called Joffre Station.

The station situated on Rue Pottier, will continue to be called Pottier Station.

The new station, situated on Rue Stanislas Chevalier, becomes Central Station.

To the last-named station will be transferred on the same date all the Services (the bureaux of the Chief of Police, the Chief Deputy, Chief of the Surety Office, licenses, automobiles, etc.) hitherto located in the premises on Avenue Edouard VII.

By Order,
Secretary of the Council,
Signed: G. LAFERRIERE.

17595

BILL SMITH says:

"Elephant Head"

THREE STAR

BRANDY

IS

A COGNAC

OF

DISTINCTION

ASK BILL!

Garner, Quelch & Co.
Sole Agents

LOST

Notice is hereby given to the public that the undersigned has lost a Bill of Lading No. 1, issued by the China Merchant Steam Navigation Company, calling for 70 packages of crockery marked T. S. Ex s.s. "Kiang Kwan" from Kiu-kiang voyage 30. The said B/L is now declared null and void.

THE SINCERE COMPANY
(Shanghai) LTD.

17588

PROF. J. K. SETO,

Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment for Ladies and Gentlemen. 15 years experience in U.S.A.

25 North Szechuen Road
Telephone North 2768

The Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.

The Twenty-eighth Ordinary General Meeting of the above Association will be held at the Head Office, Yangtze Insurance Building, No. 26 The Bund, Shanghai, on Monday, the 29th April, 1918, at 11.30 a.m. precisely, for presentation of the Report of the Directors and the Accounts to the 31st December, 1917, the election of the Directors and Auditors for the current year and for the purpose of transacting any other business which may be transacted at an Ordinary General Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Association will be closed from the 22nd April, 1918, to the 29th April, 1918, both days inclusive.

Members holding proxies for absent shareholders must deposit same with the General Manager for registration at least forty-eight hours before the Meeting.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
W. S. JACKSON,
General Manager.

Shanghai, 9th April, 1918.

Yangtze Insurance DIVIDEND

At the Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders of the Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd., to be held on April 29th, the Directors will recommend that the balance at credit of 1916 Working Account be dealt with as follows:-

The payment of a dividend of 25 per cent. (\$15 per share)

The transfer of \$200,000 to the Investment and Exchange Reserve Fund.

The donation of £1,000 to the Sailors' War Orphans' Fund and carry forward the balance.

It will also be recommended to pay a special dividend of five per cent. (\$3 per share) out of interest earned during 1917.

17498 17567

ZUNG LEE & SONS, (W. Z. Lee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

METALS AND HARDWARE

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

FOR SALE

2 CYL. 27 H.P. MARINE ENGINE
(with Kerosene Attachment)

Manufactured by the
ATLAS GAS ENGINE CO., INC.,
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, U. S. A.

Can be seen at the offices of
Knapp & Baxter, Inc.,
6 Klucking Road.

Phone C. 1860 Phone C. 1625

FILING CABINETS

In Steel and Polished Oak
AND SUPPLIES

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
4 Canton Rd., Shanghai Tel. 4778

The Stewart AUTOGUARD

Guards you and your car against the annoying, troublesome and, sometimes, expensive accidents, which you are sure to meet with sooner or later.

For particulars, apply to the Sole Agents,
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

JUST ARRIVED

Findon Haddocks
\$1.00 per lb.

Schaefer Beer
LIGHT AND DARK

The choicest product of the oldest lager beer brewery in the United States.

Try it once and you will buy it always!

Motor delivery service
C. EDDIE & CO.
1122-33 Broadway, Tel. N. 639.

The Shanghai Klebang Rubber Estate, Limited

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Head Office, No. 71 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, on Thursday, the 25th April, 1918, at 4.30 p.m. for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report and Statements of Account for the year ended 31st December, 1917, and to transact other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 22nd April to the 25th April both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
HUGO REISS & CO.,
Secretaries & General Managers,
Shanghai, 10th April, 1918.

17486

NOTICE

Mr. R. dos Remedios, Graduate and Medallist of Architecture, King's College, London, has been appointed by me to take charge of Architectural and structural work, and will act as my Deputy as from April, 1918.

SIDNEY J. POWELL,
Assoc. Memb. Inst. C. E.
13A Canton Road.

17488

A. D. C.

179th PRODUCTION

"Hello Shanghai"

A Musical Revue

Book and Lyrics by
E. P. GRAHAM-BARROW

Music by
M. D. SILAS

IN AID OF
Allied War Funds

Tuesday, 23rd April 1918
Thursday, 25th " "
Saturday, 27th " "

Booking will open at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., on Monday, 15th April, 1918, at 8 a.m.

By Order
WM. ARMSTRONG,
Business Manager.

17489

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE

14-16 Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table.

Telephone North 482.

No. 8 Quinsan Gardens

Tel. N. 1946.

To let one large bedroom and sitting room combined, with closed verandah and bathroom attached. Facing South. All modern comforts. Suitable for two Bachelors, or small family.

TO LET, in Misison Compound at Pont Ste. Catherine, 2 bedrooms, parlor, dining room, two rooms of the house being occupied by myself, J. W. Crofoot, West Gate.

17594 A.19.

APARTMENTS WANTED

ALLIED LADY wishes to hear of room, with breakfast, to be let, in house occupied by ladies only. Apply to Box 76, THE CHINA PRESS.

17537 A.20.

HOUSES TO LET

MOKANSHAN house to let, J. W. Crofoot, West Gate, Shanghai.

17594 A.19.

TO LET: No. 486 Eugene Bard, from July 1st, superior detached residence. Rent only Tls. 110. Occupant will allow inspection after 12 noon. For further particulars apply to Hammond, No. 38 Nanking Road.

17416

OFFICES, TO LET

TO BE LET from 1st May, two large offices on second floor of building. Centrally situated, Good light and can be taken separately if desired. Apply to Box 97, THE CHINA PRESS.

17587 A.21.

17 MUSEUM ROAD: Offices and godowns on ground floor, to let. Tls. 220 per month. Apply to 10 Yangtzepoo Road.

17530 A.19.

EDUCATIONAL

A LADY wishes to give lessons in music (piano). Apply to Box 75, THE CHINA PRESS.

17536 A.17.

RUSSIAN gentleman to give Russian lessons. Apply to Box 74, THE CHINA PRESS.

17535 A.18.

MISCELLANEOUS

ADVERTISER would like to hear from anyone willing to accompany gentleman as companion to England. Full passage paid. Reply at once to Box 94, THE CHINA PRESS.

17576 A.19.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consular, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translator work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1 Museum Road, or P.O., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

17469

Amusement Advertising

will be found on
Page 10

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED—Good construction foreman with sawmill experience. Apply to China Import and Export Lumber Co.

17592 A.19.

WANTED: Competent Chinese bookkeeper, who can take complete charge of books. One who has a good knowledge of English, and is a good typist, preferable. Good wages. Apply to Box 91, THE CHINA PRESS.

17574 A.30.

WANTED: Experienced Chinese stenographer-typist. Must have a good knowledge of the English language. Good wages. Apply to Box 92, THE CHINA PRESS.

17574 A.30.

WANTED, a few good men as insurance salesmen, European, Japanese and Chinese. A liberal contract to good permanent men. Apply, Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada, 30 Peking Road. W. D. McCallum, Manager.

17570 A.18.

SITUATIONS WANTED

A WELL-EDUCATED Russian lady with special certificate; knowledge of French, music gymnastics; understands English; desires position as governess. For any references please do not apply to the Russian Consulate at Shanghai unless absolutely desired, but to the Russian Embassy in Peking. Please address reply to Morosowsky, c/o Chinese Post Office.

17593 A.18.

CHINESE steno-typist, experienced in journalistic, commercial, documentary translation, seeks work after office hours or in the evening. Please write to Box 99, THE CHINA PRESS.

17585 A.18.

BRITISHER aged 18, seeks position as Junior assistant, disengaged end of month. Apply to Box 93, THE CHINA PRESS.

17575 A.19.

JUNIOR office assistant desires immediately engagement. Knowledge of accounts, shipping, customs, typing and general office routine. At references, moderate salary. Apply to Box 96, THE CHINA PRESS.

17581 A.19.

STATISTICIAN and accountant, specialising in systems of graphic control; offers services to large business interests in consulting capacity or as head of statistical department. Apply to Box 88, THE CHINA PRESS.

17568 A.16.18.

POSITION WANTED from 1st May by lady steno-typist. Apply to Box 82, THE CHINA PRESS.

17545 A.20.

Exchange and Mart

WHITE LEGHORN eggs, \$3.00 setting, from a good stock of healthy birds. Poultry Farm, 816 Gordon Road, Telephone West 1114.

17598

FOR SALE: One glass Telescope, Aitchison & Co., maker, London and provinces. 25 x, used. One Telescope, Goetz Neo Trieder, 8 x, New. Apply to Box 85, THE CHINA PRESS.

17562 A.18.

FOR SALE: 12 h.p. Remington heavy duty kerosene marine engine. Complete with reverse gear and all fittings. In A1 condition. Apply C. R. De Witt, No. 38 Rue Baron Gros.

17469

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 13